IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Number: 7,505,921 Group Art Unit: 3625

Issue Date: March 17, 2009 Primary Examiner: James H. Zurita

Inventor: Lukas, et al.

Serial No.: 09/518,916

Filing Date: March 3, 2000

Title: SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR OPTIMIZING A PRODUCT

CONFIGURATION

Certificate of Corrections Branch Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Attention: Decision and Certificate of Correction

Branch of the Patent Issue Division

REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION OF PATENT FOR PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE MISTAKE (37 C.F.R. § 1.322(a))

Dear Sir:

The patentee hereby respectfully requests that a Certificate of Correction issue to correct the following errors in issued patent 7,505,921:

In claim 9, an error exists in line 5 of column 30. Therefore, the following changes should be made to claim 9:

The method of claim 1, wherein said set of content for said formatted display is further determined based on a suitability factor of said component in said product [[and]] for an intended use for the product and wherein the component is emphasized when said suitability factor exceeds a threshold value; and wherein said suitability factor is a value

Customer No. 26874 Attorney Docket: 0009240/0515247

retrieved from a database, and wherein the intended use for the product is a characteristic

stored in the user profile.

In claim 23, an error exists in line 67 of column 31 and in line 1 of column 32.

Therefore, the following changes should be made to claim 23:

The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said set of content for said

formatted display is further determined based on a suitability factor of said component in

said product for the user's intended use for said product a characteristic in said user and

wherein the component is emphasized when said suitability factor exceeds a threshold

value.

The identified errors were incurred through the fault of the Office when the pending

claims were not accurately reproduced in the issued patent. As can be seen by a review of the

last amendment to the claims by the patentee, set forth in the Office Action response filed

August 25, 2008, the claims in the issued patent differ from the claims in the patentee's last

amendment. As shown by the indicated errors, the differences between the claims appear to be

the result of clerical or typographical errors during the reproduction of the claims by the Office

in the examiner's amendment. Accordingly, the patentee requests that a certificate of correction

be issued to correct the above identified errors.

In support of the above assertions, the patentee submits herewith a copy of the patent as

issued by the Patent Office and a copy of the office action response which includes the last

amendment to the claims by the patentee.

A Form PTO/SB/44 is also attached hereto for printing.

Please send the Certificate to:

William S. Morriss, Esq. Frost Brown Todd LLC 2200 PNC Center 201 East Fifth Street Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

The Commissioner for Patents is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment of fees to Frost Brown Todd LLC Deposit Account No. 06-2226.

Respectfully submitted,

J. n,5',5 William S. Morriss

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Dated: 5/5/09

CINLibrary 0009240.0515247 1965872v.1

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

		Page 1 of 1
PATENT NO. :	7,505,921	1 agc 011_
APPLICATION NO.:	09/518,916	
ISSUE DATE :	March 17, 2009	
INVENTOR(S)	Lukas, et al.	
It is certified is hereby correct	I that an error appears or errors appear in the above-identified patent and the das shown below:	at said Letters Patent
Column 30, Clai	m 9, line 5, after "in said product", please delete "and".	
Column 31, Clai	m 23, line 67, after "for said product", please delete "a charac-".	
Column 32, Clair	m 23, line 1, before "and wherein the component", please delete "teristic in	said user".

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.322, 1.323, and 1.324. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1.0 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Attention Certificate of Corrections Branch, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

William S. Morriss, Esq., Frost Brown Todd, LLC, 201 East Fifth Street, 2200 PNC Center, Cincinnati, OH 45202

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER (Please do not use customer number below):

PATENTS

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

S/N: 09/518,916 Examiner: James H. Zurita

Filed: 3-3-2000 Art Unit: 3625

Inventor: Lukas, et al. Atty. Ref.: 1160215 - 0531073

Title: System and Method for Optimizing a Product Configuration

Request for Continuing Examination and Amendment

Dear Sir:

In response to the Final Office Action mailed on o2/27/2008, please amend the above-referenced application as follows, the time for response having been extended by three months:

Amendments to the claims begin on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 16 of this paper.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- (Currently Amended) A method of optimizing a product during an optimization session, each optimization session comprising one or more computer sessions, said product including a base product, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining an identification of a user and a preliminary designation of said product; said identification identifying a user profile that is uniquely associated with said user, the user profile being persistent across multiple optimization sessions and including at least one characteristic corresponding to said user comprising a plurality of characteristics of said user, said plurality of characteristics comprising;
 - a preferred social interaction type:
 - a plurality of domain familiarity indications, each of said domain familiarity indications reflecting said user's knowledge about a specific product domain; and
 - (3) a price sensitivity for said user;
 - (b) providing a formatted display that includes a set of content related to said product and a format, the set of content and the format determined at least in part by a characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) the preferred social interaction type:
 - the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and
 - (3) the price sensitivity for said user;
 - by the at least one characteristic in said user profile;
 - (c) updating, based on a response by the user;

- the plurality of characteristics to create an updated user profile, wherein updating the plurality of characteristics comprises updating at least one characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - i) the preferred social interaction type;
 - ii) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and
 - iii) the price sensitivity for said user;

the at least one characteristic in said user profile to create an updated user profile;

- a component associated with said base product when said response includes a selection of an option from a different set of options associated with said component;
- (d) storing said updated user profile to determine the set of content and format of the formatted display for a future presentation made to said user, wherein the set of content of the formatted display for the future presentation is determined at least in part by a characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - the preferred social interaction type;
 - (2) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and
 - (3) the price sensitivity for said user; and
- repeating steps (b) through (d) across one or more computer sessions at least once to optimize said product.
- (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said product further includes a plurality of components associated with said base product, each

component in said plurality of components corresponding to, and selected by said user from, a different set of options, using said formatted display.

- (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 2, wherein a default option is designated for each component in said plurality of components.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 2, wherein said formatted display comprises a menu including one or more elements selected from the group consisting of an option selected from said different set of options associated with said component, a frequently asked question associated with said component, an instructional sequence prompt, and a recommendation message.
- (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising presenting in the formatted display one or more suggested components based on the user profile.
- (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein the formatted display
 provides a portion of a set of options corresponding to [[a]] <u>said</u> component
 associated with said base product.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said response to said formatted display of step (b) includes a designation of an option for [[a]] <u>said</u> component associated with said base product and step (c) further comprises the step of updating at least one characteristic in said user profile associated with said component.
- (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said product is optimized
 when said user indicates that said product is optimized.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said set of content for said

formatted display reports a correlation between is further determined based on a suitability factor of said [[a]] component in said product and for an intended use for the product a characteristic in said user profile and wherein the component is emphasized when said correlation suitability factor exceeds a threshold value; and wherein said suitability factor is a value retrieved from a database, and wherein the intended use for the product is a characteristic stored in the user profile.

10. (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 9, further comprising the steps of:

determining a change to [[a]] <u>said</u> component in the plurality of emponents associated with said base product that maximizes said correlation between said suitability factor of said component in said product for the user's intended use for said product and said characteristic in said user profile;

presenting said change in response to a user generated event; and

implementing said change to said product when a confirming response is received.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 9, wherein said product further includes a plurality of components associated with said base product, each component in said plurality of components associated with, and selected from, a different set of options; and

the different set of options associated with each component from said set of components is provided if said suitability factor for said component for the intended use of the product exceeds the threshold value said correlation between a component associated with said product and a characteristic in said user profile exceeds a threshold value when said response to said formatted display of step (e)

includes a designation of an option for a component associated with said base product.

- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein a timer is used to monitor the period of time between the presentation of said formatted display and the response to the formatted display by the user and, when said user does not respond to said formatted display within a period of time, said failure to respond is treated as a response comprising a signal that said user has chosen not to respond to said formatted display.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein options for said component are presented in said formatted display of step (b); wherein the selected component is dynamically selected from a plurality of components associated with said base product based on said user profile.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising the steps of: transmitting a set of questions;
 - receiving at least one answer to said set of questions; and
 - updating said characteristic in said user profile based on said at least one answer.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein a characteristic in said user profile associated with said user is modified based on a user event associated with said user occurring during an optimization of a different product.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein a characteristic in said user profile associated with said user is modified based on a user event associated with said user occurring during an optimization of said product during a different session.

 (Currently Amended) A computer readable memory to direct a computer to optimize a product during an optimization session comprising one or more computer sessions, said product including a base product, comprising:

a user profile database stored in said memory; each profile in said user profile database being uniquely associated with a different user, persisting across multiple optimization sessions, and including a characteristic that corresponds to said user comprising a plurality of characteristics, said plurality of characteristics comprising:

- (a) a preferred social interaction type;
- a plurality of domain familiarity indications, each of said domain familiarity indications reflecting said user's knowledge about a specific product domain; and
- (c) a price sensitivity; and

an advisor module for helping a user optimize said product;

said advisor module including executable instructions, said executable instructions including:

- (a) instructions for obtaining an identification of said user and a preliminary designation of said product; said identification identifying a user profile associated with said user that includes at least one characteristic corresponding to said user in said user profile database; wherein said instructions for obtaining an identification further include instructions for creating said user profile when it does not exist in said user profile database;
- (b) instructions for providing a formatted display that includes a set of content related to said product, the set of content and the format determined at least in part by a function of at least one characteristic from said user profile, said at least one characteristic

selected from the group consisting of:

- a preferred social interaction type for the user;
- a plurality of domain familiarity indications for the user;
- (3) a price sensitivity for the user by a function of the at least one characteristic in said user profile;
- (c) instructions for updating, based on a response by said user:
 - the at least one characteristic in said user profile to create an
 updated user profile, wherein updating said user profile
 comprises updating at least one characteristic selected from
 the group consisting of:
 - the preferred social interaction type;
 - ii) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and
 - iii) the price sensitivity; and
 - (2) a component associated with said base product when said response includes a selection of an option from a different set of options associated with said component; and
- (d) storing said updated user profile to determine the set of content and format of the formatted display for a future presentation made to said user, wherein the set of content of the formatted display for the future presentation is determined at least in part by a characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - the preferred social interaction type;
 - (2) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and

- (3) the price sensitivity for said user; and
- (e) repeating steps (b) through (d) across one or more computer sessions at least once to optimize said product.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said product further includes a plurality of components associated with said base product, each component in said plurality of components corresponding to, and selected by said user from, a different set of options.
- (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 19, wherein a
 default option is designated for each component in said plurality of components.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein the formatted display provides a portion of a set of options corresponding to a component associated with said base product.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said response to said formatted display of step (b) includes a designation of an option for a component associated with said base product and step (c) further includes instructions for updating said component in said user profile.
- (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said product is optimized when said user indicates that said product is optimized.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said set of content for said formatted display reports a correlation between is further determined based on a suitability factor of [[a]] said component in said product and for the user's intended use for said product a characteristic in said user profile when said correlation and wherein the component is emphasized when said suitability factor exceeds a threshold value.

- 25. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein a timer is used to monitor the period of time between the presentation of said formatted display and the response to the formatted display by the user and when said user does not respond to said formatted display within a period of time, a signal that said user has not chosen to respond to said formatted display is sent to the instructions for receiving a response.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein instructions for obtaining an identification of a user and a preliminary designation of said product further includes:

instructions for querying said user profile database and identifying said user profile from a response to said query; wherein, when a response to said query fails to identify said profile, said instructions to obtain a user profile further include:

instructions for initiating a new user profile and associating said new user profile with said user; and

instructions for storing said new user profile in said user profile database.

 (Prevoiusly Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, further comprising:

a knowledge database stored in said memory; said knowledge database including a description of said base product and a description of at least one option in at least one set of options corresponding to a component associated with said base product; wherein:

said instructions for providing a formatted display, which includes the set of options corresponding to a component selected from said plurality of components associated with said base product, further includes:

instructions for accessing a description of an option in said different set of options associated with said component from said knowledge database; wherein said function comprises a comparison of said description with said characteristic in said user profile.

(Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, further comprising:

a sales module; said sales module including executable instructions, said executable instructions including:

- instructions for providing a product selection choice; each said product in said product selection choice including a base product and at least one default component;
- instructions for receiving an election; said election designating a product in said product selection choice;
- instructions for determining when to call an instance of said advisor module; and
- instructions for calling an instance of said advisor module.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 28, wherein said instructions for calling an instance of said advisor module further includes instructions for generating said event record and for passing said event record to said advisor module when said instance of said advisor module is called by said sales module.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 28, the computer readable memory further comprising a sales database for storing pricing information associated with said product; the sales module further including;

instructions for querying said sales database for pricing information corresponding to said product selection; and

instructions for transmitting said pricing information.

 (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 28, wherein said sales module further includes:

instructions for providing a user selectable event;

instructions for receiving an indication that said user selectable event has been selected by said user; said sales module further including instructions for notifying said advisor module when a signal indicating that said user selectable event has been selected is received.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 28, wherein said sales module further comprises instructions for terminating an instance of said advisor module when a second election is received by said instructions for receiving an election described in claim 28 paragraph b; said second election including an indication that said user wishes to terminate said instance of said advisor module.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said profile in said user profile database includes a user identifier and at least one entry selected from the group consisting of a domain familiarity indicator, an advisor interaction database, a product preference database, a product selection database, and a user characteristic.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said formatted display comprises a menu including one or more elements selected from the group consisting of an option associated with a component, associated with said base product a frequently asked question associated with

said component, an instructional sequence prompt, and a recommendation message.

- 35. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein a manifestation of said advisor module includes at least one feature selected from the group consisting of an on-screen character, an audible voice, text, a multimedia prop, and a sound effect.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The computer readable memory of Claim 18, wherein said advisor module further comprises:

instructions for storing a record of said product optimization; and instructions for resuming a product optimization based on a stored record of a prior product optimization.

- 37. (Currently Amended) A method of optimizing a product, during an optimization session comprising one or more computer sessions, said product including a base product, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining an identification of a user and a preliminary designation of said product; said identification identifying a user profile which is persistent across multiple optimization sessions and that is uniquely associated with said user, the user profile including at least one characteristic corresponding to said user comprising data used to model said user, said data used to model said user comprising;
 - a first set of data, said first set of data having been collected through explicit user selections; and
 - (2) a second set of data, said second set of data having been inferred from user actions:

(b) providing a formatted display that includes a set of content related to said product and a format, the set of content and the format determined at least in part by said second set of data used to model said user and inferred from user actions;

by the at least one characteristic in said user profile;

- (c) updating, based on a response by the user:
 - said data used to model said user to create an updated user profile;
 and
 - the at least one characteristic in said user profile to create an updated user profile;
 - a component associated with said base product when said response includes a selection of an option from a different set of options associated with said component;
- storing said updated user profile to determine the set of content and format of the formatted display for a future presentation made to said user;
- (e) repeating steps (b) through (d) across one or more computer sessions at least once to optimize said product; and
- (f) providing automated assistance at the request of said user; and
- (g) presenting in the formatted display one or more suggested components based on the user profile.
- 38. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 37, wherein the <u>data used to model</u> said <u>user at least-one characteristic in said user profile</u> comprises an indicator that indicates the number of times that the user requested automated assistance.

- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 37 t, wherein the <u>data used to model</u> said <u>user</u> at least one characteristic in said <u>user profile</u> comprises an indication of the user's price sensitivity.
- 40. (New) The method of claim 37, wherein providing the formatted display comprises providing a recommendation to the user, wherein the first set of data and the second set of data comprise a plurality of characteristics, wherein each characteristic from the plurality of characteristics has a weight, and wherein updating the data used to model the user comprises, for at least one characteristic from the plurality of characteristics:
 - increasing the weight for that characteristic if the recommendation is accepted; or
 - decreasing the weight for that characteristic if the recommendation is rejected.

REMARKS

Initially, the applicants would like to thank the Examiner for the effort which was put into the Final Office Action, particularly the explicit recitation of interpretations given to various terms which were set forth on pages 6-8 of the Final Office Action. While the applicants do not concede the merits of any of the pending rejections, the applicants believe that the detail included in the Final Office Action will help the applicants reach an agreement with the Examiner regarding patentability, or will help in the prompt identification of issues for appeal.

Further, the applicants would like to thank the Examiner for the courtesies extended during the telephonic interview of April 16, 2008. While no agreement was reached during that interview, in light of the current amendments and the remarks set forth herein, the applicants submit that the pending rejections should be withdrawn, and the claims should be allowed in their current form.

The claims were amended in accordance with the marked-up amendments, above. The amendments are being made to clarify the invention and to focus the claims on those aspects of the invention which are a commercial priority to the assignee. The amendments are fully supported by the specification, claims, and figures as originally filed. No new matter is believed or intended to be involved.

The Final Office Action mailed February 27, 2008, ("Final Office Action"), rejected claims 9-12 and 24 under 35 U.S.C. § 112 as indefinite; claims 1-12 and 14-39 under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by U.S. 6,167,383 ("Henson"); and claim 13 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as obvious over Henson in view of allegedly admitted prior art. For the reasons set forth below, the applicants submit that pending claims are definite, and include limitations not taught or suggested in the art of record. Accordingly, for the reasons set forth herein, the applicants request that the outstanding rejections based on 35 U.S.C. §§ 112, 102, and 103 be withdrawn, and that the pending claims be allowed in their present form.

The Pending Claims Are Definite

The Final Office Action stated that claims 9-12 and 24 were indefinite because The term correlation between [...] product component and [...] characteristic in a user profile, appear to refer to a relative desirability or relative importance attached to a particular component by a customer based on data stored as part of consumer information, and as expressed via customer's selections on a screen. However, the claims do not provide a way to measure this relative affiliation.

Final Office Action at 5 (emphasis in original).

In response, the applicants have amended claims 9, 11, 12 and 24. Claim 10 has been cancelled. The remaining claims have been amended to replace references to the "correlation" which the Examiner argued was indefinite with references to a "suitability factor" of a component. Additionally, the claims have been amended to specify that the "suitability factor" is measured for "the intended use for the product." The applicants further submit that no new matter is added by these amendments, and that support can be found in at least pages 16-18 of the application as originally filed. Accordingly, the applicants request that the pending rejections based on 35 U.S.C. § 112 be reconsidered, and that those rejections be withdrawn.

The Pending Claims Recite Limitations Not Taught or Suggested in the Art of Record

Claim 1

The Final Office Action rejected claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as allegedly anticipated by Henson. Claim 1 is directed to a method for optimizing a product in which the content of a formatted display is determined at least in part by a characteristic of a user profile. Claim 1 also recites that the user profile is updated based on responses provided by the user, and that the updated profile is stored for determining the content presented by the formatted display during future optimization sessions. By contrast, Henson discloses an online store which generates a plurality of different views that are

customizable on a per customer basis.¹ The Final Office Action argued that Henson taught providing a formatted display because it could present consumer specific variations of online stores and checkouts.² The Final Office Action argued that updating the user profile and storing the updated user profile to determine the content of the formatted display for future presentation was taught by Henson's references to saving the user's shipping information (argued to be part of the user's profile) as well as saving a shopping cart (also argued to be a portion of a user profile) and viewing the contents of the saved cart at a later time.³ Essentially, the Final Office Action argued that the "user profile" recited in claim 1 was taught by storage or use of any customer information,⁴ and then, since Henson does save some information related to particular customers, rejected claim 1 based on that reference. Accordingly, while not conceding the pending rejections, in order to reach an agreement with the Examiner, the applicants have amended claim 1 to provide additional detail on the nature and use of the "user profile" recited in that claim, thereby obviating the pending rejections. An explanation of the specific amendments made, and how they distinguish Henson is set forth below.

Claim 1 Recites that the User Profile Comprises a Plurality of Characteristics not Found in Henson, and Recites that Those Characteristics are Used in Optimizing a Product and Determining Content to be Displayed in the Future

To differentiate from the definition of a "user profile" used in the Final Office Action, claim 1 has been amended to recite that the user profile comprises a plurality of characteristics of the user, and then lists three of those characteristics: a preferred social interaction type; a plurality of domain familiarity indications, each of which reflects the user's knowledge about a specific product domain; and a price sensitivity for the user. Claim 1 has also been amended to specify that the content of the formatted display is determined at least in part by one of those specified characteristics, and that updating the user profile comprises updating at least one of the specified characteristics. The

¹ Henson, col. 3, ll. 36-39.

² Final Office Action at 9.

³ Final Office Action at 9-10

applicants submit that these amendments to claim 1 clearly overcome the outstanding rejection of that claim. First, the applicants submit that Henson does not include any teaching or suggestion of a user profile including the specific characteristics currently recited in claim 1. Further, even if such a profile were suggested in Henson, Henson does not teach the uses of that profile which are now recited in claim 1. For example, nowhere in Henson is there any disclosure that the content of a formatted display can be determined in part by the user's price sensitivity, a plurality of domain facility indicators, or a preferred social interaction type. Instead, the customizable features of Henson are controlled by the items in a user's shopping cart, and a link the user clicked to access an online store,5 neither of which includes the characteristics now recited for the user profile in claim 1. Similarly, while Henson teaches storage of the contents of a user's cart, Henson does not teach or suggest storage or updating of the user's price sensitivity, the domain familiarity indicators, or preferred social interaction type. Accordingly, because claim 1 now clearly recites those characteristics as part of the user profile, the applicants submit that the outstanding rejection of claim 1 should be reconsidered and withdrawn.

Claims 2-9, and 11-17

Initially, the applicants note that each of claims 2-9, and 11-17 depend, either directly or indirectly, from claim 1, and therefore include each novel limitation of that claim. Accordingly, the applicants submit that, in light of the above remarks regarding claim 1, the rejections of claims 2-9, and 11-17 based on Henson should be reconsidered and withdrawn. Additionally, the applicants note that claims 2-9, and 11-17 each recite further limitations which are not taught or suggested in the art of record. Explanations

Indeed, this definition was explicitly set forth on page 7 of the Final Office Action.

With respect to use of the cart, see col. 10, 11. 32-33 ("The items in the cart determine who the customer is."). With respect to the link, see col. 14, 11. 19 – 21 ("A customer is identified as being in a particular customer set according to what link the customer executed to get to the online store."). A customer set in Henson is not the same as a user profile as recited for at least the reason that, in Henson, customers and customer sets have an N to N mapping relationship, that is, one customer set can comprise many customers, and one customer may belong to many different customer sets. See, e.g., Henson, col. 10, 11. 49-55 (describing how a customer can leave and reenter the online store of Henson to make purchases associated with two different customer sets).

of how certain of those limitations differentiate the pending claims from Henson are set forth below.

Claim 11 Recites that a Change to a Component is Determined which Maximizes a Suitability Factor for User's Intended use for a Product, and Recites that the Intended Use is a Characteristic Stored in the User's Profile

As an example of further limitations found in the dependent claims which are not taught or suggested in the art of record, the applicants note that claim 11 recites determining a change to a component which maximizes the suitability factor of the component for the user's intended use for the product, presenting the change in response to a user generated event, and implementing the change upon receipt of a confirming response. Additionally, based on a dependency from claim 9, claim 11 requires that the intended use be a characteristic of the user stored in the user profile. The Final Office Action argued that similar limitations regarding presenting customers with a possible change to a component was taught by col. 6, ll. 21-43 and col. 15 ll. 45-60 of Henson, which disclosed "messages for recommending options that may be better than others according to different configurations." In response, the applicants note that the cited sections of Henson disclose a merchandising module which can be used to emulate a salesperson, and provide up/cross sell messages to a customer.7 The applicants further note that Henson does not teach that the merchandising messages are provided to maximize a suitability factor of a component for a user's intended use for the product. Henson also does not teach that the intended use for a component is a characteristic which is stored in a user profile. Instead, Henson teaches that the merchandising messages are provided based on the contents of the user's shopping

⁶ Office Action at 12.

⁷ See Henson, col. 6, Il. 39-43 ("In addition, the merchandising module provides messaging, alternatively referred to herein as merchandising information or messaging, of options recommended to be selected in a particular configuration, including, for example, which options may be better than others:"); col. 15, Il. 47-53 ("Merchandising is provided to better emulate what a sales representative would do if a customer telephones the online store vendor to inquire about a computer system, wherein the online store merchandising provides a potential to sell a customer a richer computer system. The merchandising of the online store better emulates selling and cross-selling merchandising than a sales representative could perform.").

cart.⁸ However, simply providing messages based on the contents of a cart does not teach or suggest providing a component change based on a user's intended use for a product, because merchandising messages can also be determined by looking at the contents of the cart, then suggesting that the customer purchase more of the same items, thereby achieving the vendor's desire for increased revenue. Indeed, Henson discloses its merchandising messages being presented in exactly that way, for exactly that reason.⁹ Thus, while Henson discloses that messages can be based on the vendor's desire for greater revenue (i.e., to sell a "richer" system), there is no teaching or disclosure that changes to components can be based on the user's intended use for the product. Further, there isn't even a hint that a suitability factor for that use is maximized in determining the change in components to present. Accordingly, as claim 11 requires both consideration of the intended use for the product, and maximization of the suitability factor in determining what component change to present to the user, the applicants submit that the limitations recited in claim 11 provide a further reason why the rejection of that claim should be reconsidered and withdrawn.

Claim 18

Claim 18 has been amended in a manner similar to that discussed above regarding claim 1. Accordingly, the applicants submit that the rejection of claim 18 should be reconsidered and withdrawn for at least the reasons provided above for claim 1.

⁸ Henson, col. 9, Il. 56-60 ("Further with respect to the shopping cart, merchandising recommendations can be provided based upon the contents of the shopping cart. That is, based upon the contents of the user's shopping cart, is there something that could be recommended as an upgrade or a cross-sell."

⁹ Col. 15, Il. 47-56 ("Merchandising is provided to better emulate what a sales representative would do if a customer telephones the online store vendor to inquire about a computer system, wherein the online store merchandising provides a potential to sell a customer a richer computer system. The merchandising of the online store better emulates selling and cross-selling merchandising than a sales representative could perform. For example, merchandising may include up selling an extended service warranty, up selling more RAM, or a bigger hard drive or greater memory capacity.").

Claims 19-36

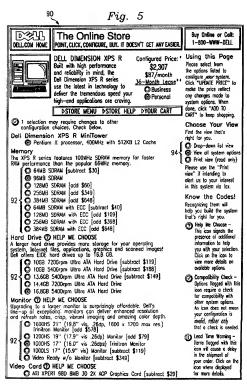
Initially, the applicants note that each of claims 19-36 depend, either directly or indirectly, from claim 18, and therefore include each novel limitation of that claim. Accordingly, the applicants submit that, in light of the above remarks regarding claim 18, the rejections of claims 19-36 based on Henson should be reconsidered and withdrawn. Additionally, the applicants note that claims 19-36 each recite further limitations which are not taught or suggested in the art of record. Explanations of how certain of those limitations differentiate the pending claims from the art of record are set forth below.

While Henson, Teaches (at most) Providing a Set of Content to a User, Claim 27 Recites Novel Limitations Regarding How the Set of Content is Determined

Another example of a dependent claim which includes further limitations not taught or suggested in the art of record is claim 27. Claim 27 recites instructions for accessing a description of an option in a set of options corresponding to a component. Claim 27 also recites that that description is compared with a characteristic in the user profile as part of a function for determining the set of content provided by a formatted display. The Final Office Action, in rejecting claim 27, stated that those features were disclosed in figure 5 of Henson. However, as shown on the following page, figure 5 of Henson simply illustrates a configuration screen in which all system options are presented to a user. However, as shown on the following page.

¹⁰ See, Final Office Action at 18.

¹¹ Henson, col. 4, II. 9-12 ("FIG. 5 illustrates a portion of an exemplary page including an alternate presentation view of a configuration screen of the on-line store, the alternate presentation view including all system options").



Henson, figure 5: a configuration screen in which all system options are presented to a user.

Figure 5 of Henson does not describe the functions that are used to generate the configuration screen, let alone teaching that the function used for determining the set of

content comprises comparing a description of an option with a characteristic in a user profile. Nonetheless, the Final Office Action supported its rejection of claim 27 by stating that

[t]he function may also comprise a comparison of the description with the characteristic in the user profile. For example, the user profile may indicate a need for a computer with memory. The displayed information contains component information concerning memory; the description of various types of memory may include information such as SDRAM with ECC, as shown in Fig. 5. 12

The applicants submit that that statement is pure speculation, and, as such, cannot be the basis of a rejection based on 35 U.S.C. § 102. The law is clear that "A claim is anticipated only if each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in a single prior art reference,"13 In this case, it is clear that the cited portion of Henson does not expressly describe the comparison of a description of an option with a characteristic in a user profile as being part of the function which determines the display of an interface, as the cited portion of Henson simply does not address how the content of the interface is determined. Accordingly, the rejection of claim 27 would only be proper if the comparison recited in that claim is inherently disclosed in Henson. For a limitation to be inherently disclosed, it must necessarily follow from the cited reference's explicit disclosure.14 In this case, the use of a function such as recited in claim 27 is not necessarily present in the system of Henson. Indeed, the Final Office Action itself asserted only that "[t]he function may also comprise a comparison of the description with the characteristic in the user profile." This is clearly insufficient to support a rejection based on inherency, 15 Accordingly, as the limitations recited in claim 27 are neither expressly nor inherently disclosed in the art of record, the rejection of that claim should be reconsidered and withdrawn.

¹² Office Action at 18 (emphasis added).

¹³ MPEP § 2131, quoting Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California, 814 F.2d 628 (Fed. Cir. 1987).

¹⁴ MPEP § 2112, quoting In re Robertson, 169 F.3d 743 (Fed. Cir. 1999) (""To establish inherency, the extrinsic evidence 'must make clear that the missing descriptive matter is necessarily present in the thing described in the reference").

Claim 37 Recites that the User Profile is Used to Model the User, and that it Comprises both Data Collected Through Explicit User Selections, and Data Inferred from User Actions

Like claim 1, claim 37 was rejected as allegedly anticipated by Henson, 16 Like claim 1, claim 37 previously recited a user profile, and has been amended to further specify the nature of that profile. Additionally, claim 37 has been amended to specify that a set of content provided to a user is determined at least in part by a set of data used to model the user which is inferred from user actions. As discussed previously with respect to claim 1, the Final Office Action's rejections were essentially based on the premise that the "user profile" which was recited in the claims was taught by the storage or use of any customer information, for example, a shopping cart.¹⁷ In response, claim 37 has been amended to provide additional detail related to the user profile; that it is used to model the user, that it comprises a first set of data collected through explicit user selections, and that it comprises a second set of data inferred from user actions. Such a user model is clearly different from the shopping cart of Henson. At most, a shopping cart such as taught in Henson would include data collected through explicit user selections (e.g., selections of items to purchase). However, there is no teaching or suggestion anywhere in Henson that the data in the shopping cart is used to model the user, or that the data in the shopping cart includes data inferred from user actions. Indeed, the applicants note that if the shopping cart of Henson were modified to include items which the user didn't select, then the user would have to remove those items before checkout to avoid having to pay for them. This would result in the invention of Henson being less suited for its intended purpose, and shows that the shopping cart of Henson is clearly different from the user profile recited in claim 37. Accordingly, the rejection of claim 37 should be withdrawn, and that claim should be allowed in its current form.

15 MPEP § 2112, quoting In re Rijckaert, 9 F.3d 1531 (Fed. Cir. 1993) ("The fact that a certain result or

characteristic may occur or be present in the prior art is not sufficient to establish the inherency of that result or characteristic.") (emphasis in original).

¹⁶ Final Office Action at 21-22.
¹⁷ The discussion of the rejection of claim 1 is particularly applicable to the rejection of claim 37, because the Final Office Action's rejection of claim 37 consisted largely of citations to the rejection of claim 1, and did not include any independent analysis.

Claims 38-40

The applicants note that claims 38-40 depend from claim 37, and therefore include each novel limitation of that claim. Accordingly, the applicants submit that, in light of the above remarks regarding claim 37, the rejections of claim 38 and 39 based on Henson should be reconsidered and withdrawn, and all claims, including new claim 40, should be allowed in their current form.

New Claim 40 Recites Providing a Recommendation to a User and, Based on the User's Response to the Recommendation, Increasing or Deceasing the Weight of a Characteristic in the User Profile

In addition to being allowable for the reasons given above regarding claim 37. new claim 40 can also be distinguished from the art of record based on its novel limitations regarding updating a user profile. In the Final Office Action, the Examiner argued that updating a user profile was taught by references to a user being able to provide his or her shipping information.¹⁸ While not conceding that allowing a user to provide shipping information actually teaches updating a user profile, the applicants note that allowing a user to change his or her shipping information does not change a weight on a characteristic in a user profile. Indeed, the applicants note that an address for an order is not a characteristic which would be weighted in any case, because an address is a Boolean characteristic (i.e., you either ship a package to the right address or you don't), while a weight is only applicable to characteristics which can have values on a scale (e.g., a user cares more or less about the price of a component). Accordingly, because claim 40 recites increasing or decreasing the weight for a characteristic based on the user's response to a recommendation, and because such a weight modification is clearly not taught or suggested in Henson, claim 40 should be allowed in its current form, even if the arguments set forth above regarding claim 37 are not accepted.

Remarks Regarding Amendments

Regarding the amendments made herein, the applicants note that no new matter is believed or intended to have been introduced by those amendments, and that each of those amendments finds support in the application as originally filed. For the amendments regarding particular characteristics which could be present in a user profile, the applicants note that support for those amendments can be found under the heading "User Profile," on pages 10-14 of the specification as originally filed. In particular the applicants draw the Examiner's attention to page 14, which sets forth a list of representative characteristics which could be part of a user profile. For the amendments regarding the use of suitability factors, the applicants note that suitability factors are discussed under the heading "Knowledge Database". In particular, the applicants draw the Examiner's attention to the discussion on page 16 regarding the use of a desirability scale for the suitability factors, and Table 2 on page 18, which is an exemplary application use quality table. Finally, regarding new claim 40, the applicants submit that support for that claim can be found in at least the discussion starting on line 33 of page 36, and ending on line 24 of page 37 of the application as originally filed.

Information Disclosure Statement

In addition to the claims discussed above, the Final Office Action also stated that there were deficiencies in an information disclosure statement filed on December 31, 2007, and stated that the information included in that IDS had not been considered. In response, while not conceding that the Examiner was correct in refusing to consider the references listed in the previous information disclosure statement, a new information disclosure statement is being submitted.

¹⁸ Final Office Action at 9

CONCLUSION

In light of the arguments made herein, it is respectfully submitted that the claims of the present application meet the requirements of patentability under 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112. Accordingly, reconsideration and allowance of these claims are earnestly solicited. Additionally, the applicants submit that the arguments made herein do not constitute an exhaustive list of the novel limitations found in claims 1-9 and 11-39 which are not taught or suggested in the art of record. To the extent that the applicants have not addressed certain aspects of the present rejection, please do not construe the same as an admission as to the merits of the rejections. Indeed, the applicants reserve all rights with respect to arguments not explicitly raised herein. Further, the applicants state that, while certain characterizations were accepted for the purpose of making certain arguments, the applicant accepted those characterizations for the purpose of presenting those specific arguments only, and did not intend for those acceptances to be treated as concessions. The applicants encourage the Examiner to contact their representative, William Morriss at (513) 651-6915 at wmorriss@fbtlaw.com if further questions remain as to the patentability of any of the claims pending in this application.

The Commissioner for Patents is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment of fees to Frost Brown Todd LLC Deposit Account No. 06-2226.

Respectfully Submitted,

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US007505921B1

(12) United States Patent Lukas et al.

(10) Patent No.:

5.214.715 A

US 7,505,921 B1

(45) Date of Patent:

Mar. 17, 2009

(54) SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR OPTIMIZING A PRODUCT CONFIGURATION

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Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 09/518,916

(22) Filed: Mar. 3, 2000

(51) Int. Cl. G06O 30/00

3.829.088 A

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(2006.01)

705/26 (58) Field of Classification Search 705/37 See application file for complete search history.

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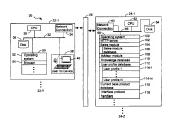
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(57)ABSTRACT

A method of optimizing a product includes the step of accessing an event record having a summary of a sequence of events that transpired during a preliminary product selection process. The summary includes an identification of the user and a preliminary designation of the product. A user profile associated with the user includes at least one characteristic corresponding to the user. Based on characteristics in the user profile, a formatted display is generated. User response to formatted displays is used to update characteristics in the user profile. An iterative process, in which the updated user profile is used as a basis for generating subsequent formatted displays to which a uscr responds, repeats until the user indicates that the product is optimized.

39 Claims, 13 Drawing Sheets



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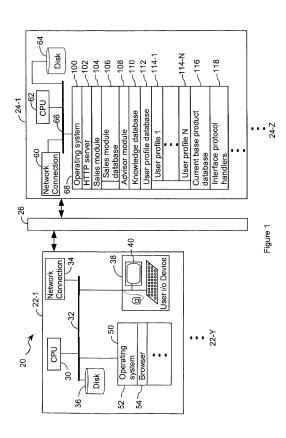
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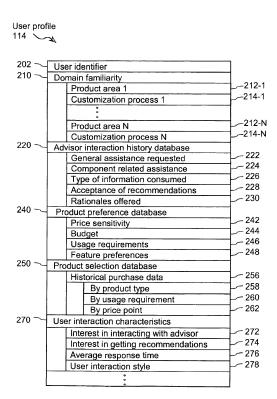


Figure 2

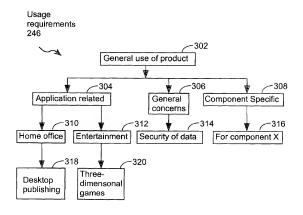


Figure 3



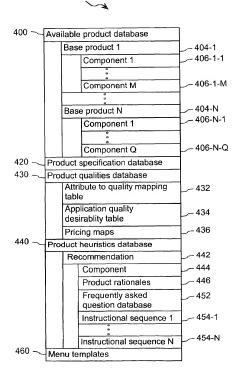


Figure 4

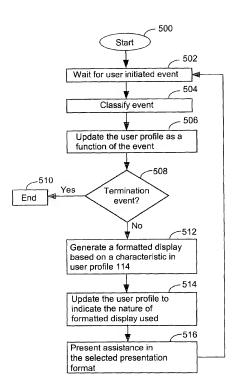
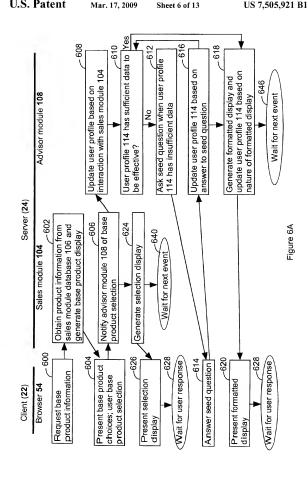


Figure 5



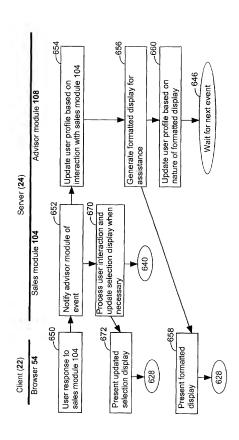


Figure 6B

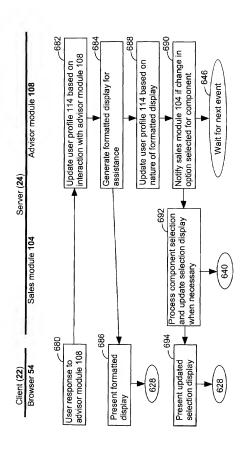


Figure 6C

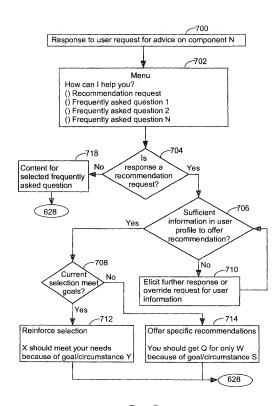


Figure 7

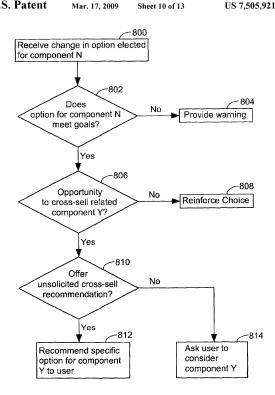
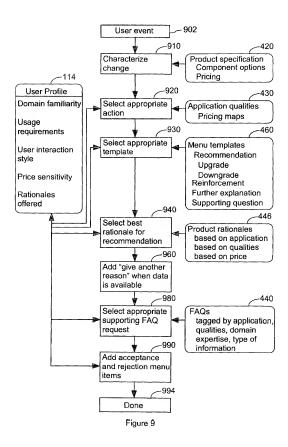


Figure 8



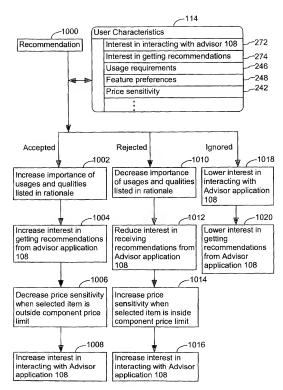


Figure 10

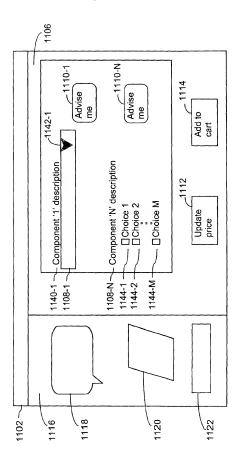


Figure II

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR OPTIMIZING A PRODUCT CONFIGURATION

The present invention relates generally to a system and method for optimizing a product. More particularly, this 5 invention relates to a dynamically invoked interface between a user and a sales module that provides assistance in optimizing one or more components associated with a product.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The purchasing process involves an extended process of information gathering and decision-making by the buyer. In some cases, a variety of alternative product choices are available, differing in price and other characteristics. In other 15 cases, the buyer configures a desired product by selecting among options for configurable elements of the product.

An effective salesperson begins the selling process with an information distribution phase in which the salesperson disproduct attributes. Based on this information, the customer selects a base product. The base product is either a single entity or an entity that includes a set of associated components. The salesperson helps the user customize the selected product and/or alterations to be made to components that may, by default, come with the base product. For each essential component associated with the base product, the salesperson helps the customer determine which component salesperson also helps the customer evaluate optional components associated with the base product to determine if they should be purchased. Alternatively, in the case of a set of fixed product choices, the salesperson guides the buyer by increcally changing characteristics. In either case, the salesperson provides many types of important, timely, context sensitive information, suggestions and rationales to help the buyer make decisions. At times, the salesperson takes the initiative in leading the conversation while at other times the customer 40 takes the initiative.

The approaches taken by the sales person are adaptive. That is, throughout the sales process, the salesperson gauges customer characteristics, such as price sensitivity, interest in interacting with the salesperson, and experience level. The 45 salesperson adjusts the sales pitch to match these characteristics. Thus, rather than pitching each of the available components associated with the base product in some predetermined inflexible way, the salesperson customizes his presentation to match the characteristics of the user.

Two types of electronic commerce software have been developed to aid users in the purchasing process. First, product selection software provides for the filtering of a set of products based on preferred product characteristics and customize a product by selecting from lists of options and components provided by the software. Such configuration software is often used as a front-end for "build-to-order" manufacturing.

Typically, configuration software starts with a base system. 60 selected by the user to satisfy a set of user goals as closely as possible. The configuration software provides a graphical user interface that presents a set of options that allow the user to customize each configurable element of the complete product. The configuration software often provides information 65 about each option, usually as some form of specification sheet. Often, configuration software also provides informa-

tion about each configurable element, such as the criteria for making a selection. Frequently asked questions may also be available. Configuration software often tracks constraints between choices of configurable elements. In some types of configuration software, option pairs that would violate such constraints are made unavailable. In other types of configuration software, the user is warned of any constraint violations as various options are selected. Deployments of configuration software, both as standalone applications and via networked 10 systems, are available from Trilogy, Selectica, Calico Commerce, BT Squared and Siebel Systems.

Conventional electronic commerce configuration software focuses on the ease of selecting "correct" configurations, eliminating the need for human intervention by a salesperson or product expert. Much of the literature on configuration software emphasizes the savings provided by avoiding the "reworking" of inconsistent orders. But in eliminating the salesperson, such approaches also eliminate much of the personalized adaptive, heuristic behavior that make salespeople closes general concepts relating to the product and specific 20 effective and helps to optimize both the shopping experience and final product choices.

Although existing electronic commerce sites utilize the above software tools to assist the purchaser, they do not provide methods comparable to that of a live salesperson. product by suggesting specific components to add to the base 25 Some electronic commerce sites provide an electronic sales assistant that attempts to match the needs of the user to products on the electronic commerce site. Common product categories for which electronic sales assistants are currently used to select between pre-configured products include comoption is most appropriate for the needs of the customer. The 30 puters, automobiles, vacation destinations, pets, colleges and electronic devices. Sales assistance provided at sites that sell user configurable products, such as computers and automohiles is far more limited

But, as seen from such limited attempts at modeling the mentally changing a suggested choice based on systemati- 35 talents of a live salesperson, to date, no electronic commerce site has effectively reduced the personalized, heuristic, adaptive techniques of live salespeople to machine readable algorithms. For example, the deficiencies in the present use of electronic sales assistants to optimize the selection of a product from a set of pre-configured products is appreciated when the limitations of the features of representative implementations of conventional electronic sales assistants are examined. Representative electronic sales assistants include those offered by Ask Jeeves, Inc. on the etown.com site as "shop with Ida" and those offered by Silknet on the cozone.com site, as well as electronic sales assistants developed by America Online and found on aol.com and kaplan.com. These electronic sales assistants first elicit the goals of the user in terms of desired product features (such as manufacturer and 50 weight), general usages (such as applications to be run), and budget. Existing electronic sales assistants provide either no recommendation or one or more recommendations based on either precise or approximate satisfaction of user goals. America Online ranks these recommendations in terms of desired uses. Second, configuration software allows a user to 55 how well they meet the goals of the user on a numeric scale while Silknet and Ask Jeeves cluster them within several categories of suitability. Also, the electronic sales assistants provide explanations, such as the ways in which a selected system meets the stated goals of the user (Ask Jeeves, America Online and Silknet).

The electronic sales assistants discussed above are unsatis factory because they provide inadequate persistence within or across product optimization sessions. Thus, each iteration in the product optimization process is reduced to a "batch transaction," in which the user mentally maintains comparisons and any sense of progress towards the purchase goal. This burden placed on the user greatly reduces the believability and effectiveness of such electronic sales assistants. Additionally, there is no attempt to match the buying style of the consumer, in terms of the style of interaction desired or the level and kind of information effect. Nor is there any attempt at inferring information about the purchaser based on behav- 5 ior during the prochasing session or prior sessions. This lack of individualization results in a "one size fits all" assistant aimed at the middle of the targeted audience.

Prior art electronic sales assistants provide only limited help for selecting between pre-onligured products and techniques used by these assistants are not adequate to optimize a build-to-order product. Because existing electronic commerce sites have failed to identify methods for integrating the features of a lives sales process into their sales algorithms, 15 physical commerce sites such as retail stores. Accordingly, what is needed in the art of electronic commerce and electronic sales assistants is a system and method for assisting customers in the optimization of products in a manner that exploits the adaptive and heuristic approach of the live sales 20 process.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a system and method for integrating the fortures of a live sales process into machine readable code. In the present invention, an advisor modulie gauges the characteristics of the user from diverse sources, such as user conduct while using the module and answers to 30 euestions posed to the user. The characteristics of the user are stored in a user profile. The advisor module coordinates with a sales module to provide the user with an interactive experience. Each user input and system response results in updating a subset of the characteristics in the user profile. Further, and advisor module reprofile is used to determine the content of 35 usbecquent presentations made to the user. In this manner, the advisor module rapidly converges upon an accurate model of the characteristics of the user and, accordingly, appropriately gauges the sales into the topse characteristics.

The method of the invention provides for the optimization of a product which includes a base product. As used herein, product optimization is achieved when the user indicates that he or she is satisfied with the product. In the method, an event record is accessed. The event record includes a summary of a 45 sequence of events occurring during a preliminary product selection process. At a minimum, the summary includes an identification of the user and a preliminary designation of a base product. The user profile is obtained based on the identification of the user in the summary. The user profile includes 50 at least one characteristic corresponding to the user. Based on one or more characteristics, selected from the set of characteristics in the user profile, a formatted display is generated and presented to the user. Further, one or more characteristics in the user profile are updated based on the nature of the 55 formatted display and on the response of the user to the formatted display. The process cycles between presenting formatted displays to the user and updating the user profile until a first occurrence of a terminating event. In one aspect of the invention, a terminating event occurs when the user indicates that the product is optimized.

In one embodiment, the formatted display generated for the benefit of the user includes a set of options that are available for a particular component associated with the base product. Further, in one aspect of the invention, the response by the 65 user to the formatted display includes a designation of one such option. When this is the case, the profile associated with

the user is updated to reflect the fact that the user selected the option utilizing the assistance of the advisor.

Components featured in the formatted display are dynamically selected from the full set of possible components that correspond to the base product based on a function of one or more characteristics in the user profile. In one embodiment, the formatted display comprises a menu that includes elements such as the various options for a featured component, frequently asked questions associated with the component, a prompt to play an instructional sequence, and recommendations.

tion messages Another embodiment of the present invention provides a computer readable memory to direct a computer to optimize a product. A user profile database is stored in the memory. Each of the profiles stored in this database is uniquely associated with a different user and includes one or more characteristics of that user. Further, an advisor module is stored in the memory. The advisor module includes executable instructions designed to assist the user in optimizing a product. First, the module includes instructions for accessing an event record. This event record includes a summary of a sequence of events occurring during a preliminary product selection process. At a minimum, this summary includes an identification of the user and a preliminary designation of the product. Second, the module includes instructions for obtaining the user profile associated with the user from the user profile database. Third, the module includes instructions for providing a formatted display based on a function of one or more characteristics in the profile. Fourth, the module includes instructions for receiving a response to the formatted display and for updating at least one characteristic in the user profile based on the response. The instructions for providing a formatted display and updating the user profile are repeated until the first occurrence of a terminating event.

In one embodiment of the invention, the advisor module communicates with a client computer to produce a manifestation. This manifestation is designed to assist the user and therefore includes features such as a dynamic on-screen character, an audible voice, on screen text, a multimedia prop, and/or a sound effect. Further, when the manifestation is an on-screen character, the language, animations and gestures of the character are scaled to match the experience level and interaction step of the user.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates a system for optimizing a product configuration in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates a user profile in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates one method of organizing user usage requirements in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 4 illustrates a product and interaction knowledge database in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5 is an overview of the processing steps used to provide assistance in optimizing a product in accordance with a generalized embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 6A illustrates processing steps used to initialize an interaction sequence between a client and server in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 6B illustrates detailed processing steps that are executed when a user interacts with a sales module in one embodiment of the present invention.

- FIG. 6C illustrates detailed processing steps that are executed when a user interacts with an advisor module in one embodiment of the present invention.
- FIG. 7 illustrates the processing steps that are implemented in response to an exemplary user initiated request for advice on a component in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.
- FIG. 8 illustrates the processing steps for initiating a cross-
- FIG. 9 illustrates the processing steps taken to create a formatted display in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.
- FIG. 10 illustrates an exemplary process for updating characteristics of a user profile based on response to a recommendation in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.
- includes an instance of a sales module and an advisor module, in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a system and method for providing assistance in the optimization of a product that comprises a base product and a plurality of components associated with a base product. Three examples of products are (i), a computer and its associated components, such as hard disk drive options, RAM memory options, and computer monitor options (ii), a motor vehicle and its associated components, such as engine options, stereo options, and color and (iii), a customized service, such as a weekly maid and/or lawn service. In one embodiment, a user makes a preliminary designation of a product. In this embodiment, the preliminary designation includes default options for each of the components associated with the base product. In the case of a computer, for example, the base product may be a particular 40 model of computer and the default options may include a default hard disk drive size, amount of RAM memory, and a particular computer monitor model. An advisor module then assists the user in optimizing the preliminary designation of the product.

Advantageously, the present invention continually updates a user profile associated with the user based responses to events in the component optimization process. Further, the updated user profile affects the approaches the advisor module uses to assist the user in subsequent component optimization steps. In this way, the optimization approaches used by the advisor module match the goals of the user. For example, based on the content of the periodically updated user profile. quently asked questions from a database of frequently asked questions that uniquely match the characteristics of the user as identified in the updated user profile. In another example, the experience level of the user in purchasing products in the given product domain is continuously assessed and used to 60 determine the quantity and content of help menus generated in subsequent component optimization steps. Another advantage of the present invention is that the advisor module is invoked by several different routes. In a first route, the advisor module is invoked by a standard sales module and in a second 65 route, the advisor module is activated by a specific request by the user for assistance with a particular component associated

with the base product or by a request for general assistance with the configuration process.

General Architecture

FIG. 1 illustrates a network 20 that is operated in accordance with the present invention. The network 20 includes at least one user computer 22 and at least one server computer 24. The user computer 22 and the server computer 24 are sell in accordance with one embodiment of the present inven- 10 connected by transmission channel 26, which may be any wired or wireless transmission channel.

User computer 22 is any device that includes a Central Processing Unit (CPU) 30 connected to a random access memory 50, a network connection 34, and one or more user input/output ("i/o") devices 38 including output means 40. System memory 50 may also include read-only memory (ROM). Output means 40 is any device capable of communicating with a human and includes, for example, a monitor, voice user interfaces, and/or integrated graphic means such as FIG. 11 is an exemplary graphical user interface, which 20 mini-displays present in web-phones. Typically, user computer 22 includes a main non-volatile storage unit 36, preferably a hard disk drive, for storing software and data. Further, user computer 22 includes one or more internal buses 32 for interconnecting the aforementioned elements. In a typical 25 embodiment, memory 50 includes an operating system 52 and an Internet browser 54.

Server computer 24 includes standard server components, including a network connection device 60, a CPU 62, a main non-volatile storage unit 64, and a random access memory 68. 30 Further, server computer 24 includes one or more internal buses 66 for interconnecting the aforementioned elements. Memory 68 stores a set of computer programs, modules and data to implement the processing associated with the invention. In particular, a preferred embodiment of memory 68 includes an operating system 100 and a HTTP server 102.

Memory 68 further includes sales module 104 for providing the user with a set of available products. Using sales module 104, the user elects a base product from the set of available products. In a preferred embodiment, sales module 104 composes a web page that is transmitted by transmission channel 26 to client 22 and is displayed by browser 54 on computer display 40. In one embodiment, sales module 104 is implemented using configuration software from third party vendors to represent the set of available products. In one aspect of the invention, sales module 104 determines the set of available products by disabling invalid options for components associated with a base product and by providing warning messages that advise the user to not select certain combinations of options for the components associated with a

In a preferred embodiment, sales module 104 provides information related to a subset of the components that are associated with the base product. Then, the user configures a permissible version of the selected base product using sales the advisor module will choose a subset of particular fre- 55 module 104. Sales module 104 provides the user with pricing information for each product in the set of available products based on pricing information stored in sales module database

Memory 68 further includes an advisor module 108 for assisting a user in the optimization of a product selected by the user with the assistance of sales module 104. In one embodiment, the interactions between the user and sales module 104 are tracked. In one aspect, advisor module 108 is invoked when an interaction in a set of predetermined classes of interaction occurs. For example, advisor module 108 is invoked when the user selects a "sales advisor" button. As a second example, advisor module 108 is invoked when the

user has selected a product from the set of available products and begins to use sales module 104 to configure the components associated with the base product. In this second example, the initial entry of the user into a sales module 104 is a type of event that invokes an instance of the advisor of module. Accordingly, in one embodiment, the instance of the advisor module 108 invoked by sales module 104 introduces itself to the user, summarizes its capabilities, and incrementally determines the goals of the user.

An important advantage of advisor module 108 over prior 10 and advisor applications is the methods used by the advisor module 108 to determine the goals of the user. For example, like prior art systems, advisor module 108 will query the user to determine the goals of the user. However, unlike prior art systems, there is no requirement that the user answer the 15 questions in order to initiate advisor assistance and rigid nonadaptive approaches to product optimization are not used. Rather than using answers to questions as a sole source of data about a user, advisor module 108 determines the goals of the user from diverse sources of information, including information for the production derived from a user associated profile 114, the interactions between salse module 104 and the user during the initial product selection, and available responses to questions posed by advisor module 108.

User profiles 114 are stored in a user profile database 112. 28 Portions of user profile database 112 may be present in memory 68. Generally, however, user profile database 112 is stored on disk 64 and individual profiles 114 are fetched to memory 68 as needed. Memory 68 also includes a knowledge database 110 atta includes information relating to each product in the set of available products offered by sales module 104. Knowledge database 110 further includes information about each of the options that are available for the components associated with an available base product.

Server 24 also includes a current base product database 116

which is stored on disk 64. Portions of the current base product database 116 are loaded into memory 68 as needed. Database 116 tracks the current base product selected by each user
of system 20, and the components associated with such base
products. A typical nth entry in database 116, for example, 40
will indicate which option, from the set of options corresponding to component in, has been designated for a given
base product. For nonessential components, one of the
options that the user may choose for a component is a designation that the component will not be part of the optimized
product. Further, database 116 includes a history of changes
the user has made to the base product.

Finally, memory 68 includes one or more service routines such as interface protocol handler 118 for facilitating communication between sales module 104 and advisor module 108.

User Profile

User profile 114 contains data that is used to model the user. This data is continually collected and updated during a session between a user and sales module 104 and/or advisor module 108 and is minitatical to user profile database 112 for use in subsequent sessions. User profile 114 is populated with 60 data collected from sales module 104 through explicit user selections and data that is inferred from user actions. Explicit selections include User Selections of product options such as options selected for a component and demographic data which may be used to compute shipping costs. User profile 65 114 data is also inferred from the manurer in which the user interacts with the sales module 104. For example, when the

user modifies an option for a component more than once, advisor module 108 infers that the user needs additional information on the component.

User interactions with the advisor module 108 are also was to populate user profile 114. In general, advisor module 108 will ask explicit questions to ascortain the requirements of the user at the beginning of and whose module 108 session when such information is not available in the user profile 114. Advisor module 108 also determines the requirements of the object of the user and the user accepts advice provided by the advisor module and the types of frequently asked questions and/or module and the types of frequently asked questions and/or instructional sequences requested by the user.

instructional sequences requested by the user. Referring to FIG. 2, elements in an exemplary user profile 114 are illustrated. User profile 114 includes a user identifier 202 that is used to uniquely associate the user profile with a particular user of system 20 (FIG. 1). Further, user profile 114 includes a domain familiarity section 210 that tracks the familiarity of the user by product area 212. Such information can be, for example, gathered by tracking the quality and types of responses made by a user during the customization process for a product within the corresponding product area. Such corresponding customization process data 214 is stored within the domain familiarity 210 section of user profile 114. Advantageously, domain familiarity information 210 allows advisor module 108 to provide information, suggestions and explanations at appropriate times in the optimization method of the present invention. Further, domain familiarity data 210 enables advisor module 108 to use the formatted display that is most appropriate to the user. Domain familiarity data 210 is not necessarily stored by product area as illustrated in FIG. 2. Rather, in some embodiments, the data is stored according to a hierarchy of user knowledge domains. Storing the data in a hierarchy of user knowledge domains advantageously allows such information to be used to cross-sell additional components to the user at appropriate stages during product optimization

User profile 114 includes an advisor interaction history database 220 that is used to compute and update elements of other portions of user profile 114, including product preference database 240 and user interaction characteristics 270. For example, a history of the number of times the user has asked for general assistance 222 is used as a factor to compute the interest the user has in interacting with advisor 272. In one embodiment, advisor interaction database 220 is populated with user provided answers to questions such as "would you like to me to suggest the best items for you?" In another embodiment, advisor interaction database 220 stores a calculation of the amount of advice the user would like based on factors such as the frequency that the user accepts advisor module 108 recommendations 228 or answers questions generated by advisor module 108. In a preferred embodiment, advisor interaction database 220 tracks the interest level in each component associated with a base product (224). Such interest levels are, in part, based on the type of information consumed by the user (226). This information includes the number and types of frequently asked questions (FAQs) that are chosen by a user for review and by the nature of the requests for advice that are made by the user.

In live sales pitches, care is taken to not repeat the same sales point or rationale too many times. Accordingly, advisor interaction database 220 tracks the rationales that have been offered to a user 230 in selecting a particular option for a component associated with the base product or literest. Rationales that have already been offered to a user by advisor module 108 more than a predetermined number of times

during a particular session, or indeed, during a given number of past sessions, are down weighted.

User profile 114 includes a product preference database 240 that stores information about the user such as price sensitivity 242, budget constraints 244, usage requirements 246, 5 and feature preferences 248. Product preference database 240 provides the tools that facilitate the provision of information and suggestions by advisor module 108 and help the module avoid providing information and suggestions that are less user price sensitivity 242 is used by advisor module 108 to filter candidate recommendations and to select those that are most likely to be accepted by the user. Typically, an important user requirement is the need to constrain the product to a specific budget 244. In some instances, the user will explicitly 15 define budget 244 early in the optimization method of the present invention. In other instances, budget 244 is determined by advisor module 108 based on the choices the user made in selecting an initial product prior to product optimi-

In one embodiment of the present invention, advisor module 108 initially determines a price sensitivity 242 by considering factors such as the relative price of the selected base product compared to similar base systems. Another method is to the base product that have been chosen by the user. In cases where the product to be optimized is a computer system, one approach in accordance with this embodiment of the invention, will measure the relative price of the designated CPU clock speed and type is used to determine price sensitivity 242. In one aspect of the invention, the cost of the base system is combined with a statistical analysis of consumer spending patterns to compute price sensitivity. Such spending patterns include, for example, the average amount spent by consumers 35 on other components as a function of CPU clock speed and type. An important advantage of the present invention is that price sensitivity is continually refined by advisor module 108 based on selections made by the user during the optimization ods used by advisor module 108 in assisting the user with the optimization of a product.

Usage requirements 246 are used by advisor module 108 to calibrate the information and suggestions that advisor module computer system product domain may be categorical, such as a designation as to whether the user is a consumer or is commercial, or quantitative. Quantitative usage requirements include, for example, an indication of the amount of Internet amount of bandwidth intensive applications a user requires, photo processing, tele-commuting, home office and related applications. Further, such usages are defined as current, projected or potential usages. In a preferred embodiment, the advisor module 108 will query the user for a ranking of 55 predicted needs for each of the most typical uses of a particular base product. Preferably, such rankings are on a multilevel scale with a predetermined number of levels ranging from low to high and including a ranking such as "no opinion." In an alternative embodiment, usage requirements 246 60 are limited to a categorical list of usages that the user has indicated are of the most interest.

In one embodiment, usage requirements 246 are grouped into a hierarchy as shown in FIG. 3. In the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 3, more specific goals are given more 65 weight than general goals. The requirements for the general use of a product 302 are represented as a hierarchical tree of

requirements. At a first hierarchical sublevel, requirements are divided on the basis of whether they are application related 304, a general concern 306, or component specific 308. Application related requirements 304 are further differentiated based on whether they may be categorized as home office 310 or entertainment related 312. A representative home office related requirement 310 is the category desk top publishing 318. A representative entertainment 312 related requirement is the category of three-dimensional games 320. relevant to meeting the requirements of the user. For example, 10 A specific application such as home office 310 has one or more specialized usages such as desktop publishing 318 which will carry more weight than their parent usages. An illustrative general concern 306 is the extent to which the user prefers that data be secure 314. In a typical embodiment, component specific requirements 308 are categorized on a component 316 basis.

In another embodiment, each of the requirements in the hierarchical tree shown in FIG. 3 is represented by a scale. One of skill in the art will appreciate that any number of 20 different types of scales are possible and all such scales are within the scope of the present invention. The scale could be. for example, one that ranges from 0 (doesn't care) to +1.0 (absolutely wants/needs) or from -1 to +1 where -1 signifies the negation of a goal ("definitely does not want") as in the to consider the costs of the major components corresponding 25 case of printing capability when the user already has a satisfactory printer.

Returning to FIG. 2, user profile 114 is a persistent profile. That is, information derived from previous sessions, in which the user optimized a product, is permanently retained by user clock speed and type. Then, the cost of the designated CPU 30 profile 114. Thus, in a preferred embodiment, user profile 114 includes product selection database 250. Historical information is used to populate historical purchase data 256 entries by product type 258, usage requirement 260, and price point 262. This database is advantageously used when the user returns to purchase a similar product as in the case where the user is buying a second computer or when the user is purchasing peripheral products or services related to a previous purchase

(e.g., a digital camera for a computer system). User profile 114 further tracks user interaction characterprocess and the refined price sensitivity 242 affects the meth- 40 istics 270. In general, user interaction characteristics 270 identify the interaction style and preferences the user has for interacting with advisor module 108. This includes the amount of interest the user has in interacting with advisor module 108 (272), the amount of interest the user has dem-108 provides to the user. Typical usage requirements for the 45 onstrated in getting recommendations (274), the average response time (276) the user has exhibited in responding to past recommendations, and user interactions style (278).

Although FIG. 2 and FIG. 3 illustrate a structured approach to storing the information associated with a user, it will be usage. As used herein, usage refers to factors such as the 50 appreciated that the present invention can be practiced using profile that includes significantly less information than the profile of FIG. 2. Indeed, any profile that uniquely identifies a user, includes at least one characteristic associated with the user, and is capable of being updated during the product optimization process is within the scope of the present invention. Representative characteristics include:

- a. the current goals of the user as a function of the ways the user plans to use the product:
- b. the goals of the user as a function of product attributes such as manufacturer or color;
 - c. the goals of the user as a function of characteristics of the product such as durability:
- d. the desired general level of interaction between the user and the advisor module, as exhibited by the user in the
- e. the classification of the preferred social interaction type of the user, such as extroverted versus introverted:

- f. the extent of the desire of the user to get recommendations from advisor module 108:
- g, the extent of the knowledge of the user about product in the general domain of the product to be optimized; h. the extent (level, type and amount) of desire the user has
- to review information related to the product;
- i. the amount of advice that has already been provided to the user by advisor module 108 and/or sales module 104;
- j. the interest in the user in specific components and qualibe optimized; and
- k. the budget and price sensitivity of the user.

One of skill in the art will appreciate that the exemplary structure of user profile 114 provides a number of advantages. The specific requirements of a user are uniquely tracked by 15 user profile 114. Such requirements may take the form of positive requirements, such as an amount of Internet usage, as well as negative requirements, such as an indication that the user "does not like inkjet printers." Further, profile 114 is continuously updated during the product optimization pro- 20 cess to continually calibrate the format of the optimization process to the requirements of the user.

Knowledge Database

In the methods of the present invention, advisor module 108 assists the user in optimizing a product by matching one or more characteristics associated with a user, as indicated in periodically updated user profile 114, with product attributes stored in knowledge database 110. Knowledge database 110 30 includes information about components associated with a product, the features of such components, questions that are frequently asked by users when optimizing a product (frequently asked questions), and the relationship between comknowledge database 110 in accordance with this aspect of the present invention. The illustrative knowledge database 110 of FIG. 4 is divided into five sections: an available product database 400, product specification database 420, product qualities database 430, product heuristics database 440, and 40 menu templates 460.

Available product database 400 includes a list of available base products 404, components 406 that correspond to base product 404, and any relevant constraints. Each component 406 includes a set of available options. In a preferred embodi- 45 ping table 432 in accordance with the present invention. ment, these options are referenced by stock keeping units (SKUs), absolute, or relative prices. It is anticipated that the content of available products database 400 is updated frequently, on the order of several times a day. Therefore, in one embodiment, advisor module 108 verifies that it is using the 50 nent options to be added to or deleted from the product specimost up to date version of available product database 400 each time a user selects a new base product 404. Generally, available product database 400 is the only portion of knowledge database 110 that is accessed by both sales module 104 and advisor module 108. There is no requirement that avail- 55 able product database 400 be organized in the hierarchical manner shown in FIG. 4.

Product specification database 420 generally comprise two parts: (i) the specifications of the base product 404 and (ii) the set of specifications for each component 406 corresponding to a base product 404. Each specification is dependent upon the nature of the base product or component. For example, the specifications for a hard disk are size, type, and average access time. The data in product specification database 420 is used by advisor module 108 for (i), providing values for product attributes of options that are used in slots in the recommendations, rationales, frequently asked questions,

and instructional sequences and (ii), mapping a component option into the appropriate ranges in product qualities data-

Product qualities database 430 includes the rating of the suitability of each specification or combination of specifications for each usage of each component 406. Thus, each quality in product database 430 is a composite or abstraction of one or more specifications (attributes) obtained from product specification database 420. Typically product qualities ties of components that correspond to the base product to 10 database 430 is indexed by product use or orientation. Product uses for a sport utility vehicle, for example, include child transportation, running errands, off-road sporting, and towing. Exemplary product orientations include categories such as "latest and greatest" and "budget-minded."

The configuration process used by sales module 104 (FIG. 1) starts with selection of a base product 404 (FIG. 4) with a default set of components 406 likely to be the closest to an "optimal" configuration. The user then optimizes the preliminary product designation by incrementally refining the options chosen for each component 406 associated with base product 404. In this manner, a product that best conforms to the individual requirements of the user is identified.

To facilitate the optimization process, product qualities database 430 provides a uniform means of offering recom-25 mendations and rationales related to the suitability of each component 406. Using attribute to quality mapping tables 432, application quality desirability tables 434, and pricing maps 436, database 430 encapsulates the qualities of each component 406 associated with a base product 404. For example, the suitability for each significant range of the xth quality of component 406 to the yth user requirement is stored in database 430. In one embodiment, this suitability factor is a numerical weight used by advisor module 108 to correlate various possible product configurations with the requireponent options and typical user goals. FIG. 4 illustrates a 35 ments of the user. A suitability factor may be selected from a desirability scale such as:

Null Irrelevant to user requirement y

- 1 Unsatisfactory for user requirement y
- 2 Barely adequate for user requirement y
- 3 Satisfactory for user requirement y
- 4 Very satisfactory for user requirement y 5 Outstanding for user requirement y

Table 1 provides an example of an attribute to quality map-Exemplary Table 1 is used by an advisor module 108 to help a user optimize a computer system. For each component 406, a quality, range, and product attribute values are listed. The attribute to quality mapping table 432 permits new compofication database 420 without the need to modify product qualities database 430.

TABLE 1

	Component 406	Quality	Range	Product Attribute Values
50	hard disk	size	low medium high	4.0 to 10 gigabytes 10 to 20 gigabytes greater than 20 gigabytes
		performance	low	ATA interface and 5400 RPM speed
			high	(SCSI interface) or (ATA interface and 7200 RPM speed)
55	printer	print resolution	low	less than 600 by 600

TABLE L-continued

Component 406	Quality	Range	Product Attribute Values
		medium high	600 by 600 to 720 by 720 greater than 720 by 720
	speed	low high	less than eight pages per minute at least eight pages per minute
	photo realism	no yes	None PhotoRTe or color layering

Table 2 is an exemplary application quality table 434 in ascondance with the present invention. For each component 15: 406, Table 2 quantifies the need for the component as a function of a potential application for the product. For example, in the case of a computer, the entry for a printer in Table 2 designates how suitable the printer is for particular applications such as desktop publishing and downloading 30 music over the Internet. In this example, the printer has no relevance to downloading of music. Thus, if user profile 114 indicates that the only potential user application for the computer system is to download music, based on that usage, advisor module 108, aided by the information in application 25 quality table 434, will not emphasize the purchase and selection of a printer during product optimization.

TABLE 2

Exemplary application quality table 434

Hose defined applicate

_		USCI	User defined applications		
Compo- nent	Quality	Range	General use (default)	Applica- tion 1 (home office)	Applica- tion 2 (down- loading music)
hard disk	general need size	low	essential adequate	essential unsatis- factory	essential adequate
		medium	satisfactory	satis- factory	satis- factory
		high	satisfactory	very satis- factory	satis- factory
	performance	low high	satisfactory satisfactory	adequate satis-	adequate satis-
printer	general need		average	factory very high	factory not relevant
	print resolution	low	adequate	unsatis- factory	not relevant
		medium	satisfactory	adequate	not relevant
		high	satisfactory	satis- factory	not relevant
	speed	low	satisfactory	satis- factory	not relevant
	photo	high	satisfactory satisfactory	very satis- factory	not relevant
	realism	no		adequate	not relevant
		yes	satisfactory	satis- factory	not relevant

In one embediment of the present invention, the information in attribute to quality mapping table 432 (FIG. 4), application quality desirability table 434 (FIG. 3) and price sensitivity 242 (FIG. 2) is combined by advisor module 108 to determine where a given option for a component 406 lies on 65 a price grid. One price grid in accordance with the present invention lists the values of price increments based on the

"price sensitivity" of the user and the quantity of improvement the user will experience if a particular opinion is replaced with a recommended option for a component 406. Preferably, the the values in the price grid are obtained by marketing experts 150 5 or generated automatically from information in product theuristics database 440. Alternatively a percentage of the price of of base product 404 is used to calculate the values for the price gard thus simplifying the pricing information required for reearch component 406. An exemplary price grid is provided in 17 Table 3. Values in this table may be used to filter-candidates by specifying the required improvement in the desirability value vower the current selection for the upstrade to be commended.

TABLE 3

Improvement in desirability value over current selection	High price sensitivity [\$]	Medium price sensitivity [\$]	Low price sensitivity [\$]
low	25	50	100
medium	50	150	200
high	100	200	400

25 Product heuristics database 440 (FIG. 4) comprises recommendations 442 that advisor module 108 offers to the user during product optimization. There are a large number of of different forms of recommendations 442 used in the various such embodiments of the present invention such as component no recommendations 444, product nationals 444, frequently as asked question 452, comparisons, selection reinforcements, definition of terms with benefits, and other information of precommendations 442 and the applications and qualities of recommendations 442 and the applications and qualities are offerenced in product rationals 446 that are provided to the user by advisor module 108.

Preferably, a component recommendation 444 includes a description of an option corresponding to a given component 406 in sufficient detail to distinguish the option from other available options for the given component 406. In one embodiment, this description is an abbreviated version of the description provided for the option as presented by sales module 104. For example, when an available option for a component 406 of a computer system 404 is "Advanced 455 Audio 345 Super Woofer with Surround Sound," a corresponding component recommendation 444 is "Advanced Audio" when there are no other speaker options available from the manufacture of Advanced Audio"

The present invention uses product rationales 446, which are reasons, consistent with the goals of the user, for selecting a component or component option. In a preferred embodiment, advisor module 108 will select a product rationale 446 that is most relevant to the requirements of the user and display this product rationale 446 concurrently with the component of the component

In one embodiment of the present invention, the different types of advice that are stored in component recommendations 444 are indexed by two tags. The first tag represents the specificity of the advice, on a scale ranging from general to so specific. Specific advice references a particular option associated with a component 406. The second tag used to index component recommendation 444 is the amount of information in a particular component recommendation 444. At one end of the second tag, a component recommendation 446 provides and in provided. At the other end of this second tag, a component recommendation 44 provides and the second provided of the second tag.

particular course of action together with only the most general information, such as an explanation that the suggested course of action "increases the quality of the product." An example of an item in the database 444 that is tagged as general and informational only would be "A disk with a SCSI interface will load data faster than the ATA interface,' whereas the item "A SCSI interface loads your photos 50% faster than the same disk with an ATA interface" is also informational only, but more specific. An example of an item dation would be "You should get the 20.1 GB SCSI disk for only \$50 more than the ATA interface because it will load your photos 50% faster."

In some aspects of the invention, the information present in component recommendations 444 is related to the product. 15 Examples of information directed to the product includes guidelines of key components 406 of a product, the most demanding applications that the product can handle, and the overall price range of typical configurations of the product. In yet other aspects of the invention, the information present in 20 a component recommendation 444 concerns specific components 406 in a product, such as component 406 functionality, component 406 interrelationships, component 406 qualities, or the procedure for adding component 406 to a base product 404 when the user already possesses base product 404 and is 25 module 108. ordering component 406 at a later date. In additional aspects of the present invention, the information present in component recommendations 444 relate to the individual qualities of components 406, such as the benefit that the nth quality of a component 406 will have on an application to be accom- 30 plished with the product. An example of such a quality, in accordance with this aspect of the invention, is "look for print speed and paper handling capacity for home office applications."

In other aspects of the present invention, recommendations 35 442 are related to the system in general, such as the designation of an appropriate price range for a product or an indication of which components 406 are the most critical to the accomplishment of the stated requirements of the user. In other aspects of the present invention, recommendations 442 40 relate to specific components 406, such as the advantages and/or disadvantages of adding a particular component 406 to a base product 404

In some cases, the content of a recommendation 442 is tailored to the preferences of the user as defined by user 45 profile 114. For example, the following information is provided to a user which who is unlikely to respond to an unsolicited recommendation:

"Here's how I rate the color printers for photo print quality and speed."

_	Component 406	Print Quality	Speed	
	HP 895	****	***	
	HP 822	***	**	
	Epson 27	***	**	

When user interaction style 278 is introverted, advisor 108 moderates the tone of the recommendation. For example: "You should consider the HP895 printer at \$259 because of its ability to print your photos in vivid color and its high

When user interaction style 278 is extroverted, advisor module 108 strengthens the tone of the recommendation. For example:

"You should definitely get the HP895 printer at \$259 because of its ability to print your photos in vivid color and its high speed."

An important advantage of the present invention is that advisor module 108 will generate a highly customized formatted display at each stage during a product optimization process. In one embodiment, the formatted display takes the form of a menu that includes the options that are associated with a particular component 406 in need at optimization. In that is tagged as specific and provides a particular recommen- 10 addition, the formatted display will include a set of frequently asked questions 452 that are often asked by users when optimizing component 406. To generate this portion of the formatted display, advisor module 108 will query frequently asked questions (FAO) database 452 using profile elements from the user profile 114 associated with the user. Thus, FAQ database 452 is filtered to yield FAOs of highest interest to the user. In one embodiment, user profile 114 elements that are used to filter FAQ database include applications, usages of interest to the user, component qualities and attributes of interest to the user, component qualities that affect the satisfaction level of the user as a function of product application, level of user knowledge of the given product domain, and qualities and/or attributes whose values differ between the current selection and selection to be recommended by advisor

Preferably, FAQ database 452 is populated with questions and answer templates for each component 406, qualities of components 406 and key applications impacted by the component 406. In one embodiment, FAQ databases 452 of the present invention are highly structured unlike conventional FAQ databases. Further, in one embodiment, FAQ database 452 contains definitions and descriptions about the operation of a component 406. For example, if component 406 is a hard disk, a representative FAO is "how does a hard disk work?" Additionally, in one aspect of the invention FAO database 452 includes questions that highlight less known qualities of the component 406. For example, if component 406 is RAM memory and one or more of the options include the ECC attribute, a corresponding FAQ may ask "what is ECC memory?" Additionally, representative FAQs define relevant units of quality that are used to describe the associated component 406. For example, in the case of a component 406 that is a hard drive, such a question may address and answer the question "what is a gigabyte?"

In yet another aspect of the invention, FAO database 452 is populated with questions that reinforce the importance of a particular quality that formed the basis for which advisor module 108 recommended a particular component 406. For example, when advisor module 108 recommends a particular 50 hard disk because the application determined that speed was an important quality, advisor module 108 will include a FAQ such as "Why is disk speed important?" in the formatted display. Other examples of such FAOs include the question "Why do I need more disk space?" in cases in which advisor 55 module 108 judged that disk size is an important quality to optimize.

In still another aspect of the present invention, the formatted display generated by advisor module 108 includes FAOs that inform the user about qualities that advisor module 108 has determined should be considered by the user when comparing the various options available to the user for a component 406 and to educate the user on how to review a data sheet or other form of data that provides comparative information for the various options associated with a component 406. For example, in the case of a component 406 that is a hard disk for a computer system, an illustrative FAQ in accordance with this aspect of the invention is "What should be considered

when selecting a disk?" Advantageously, the FAOs of the present invention include questions and answers for the most demanding applications for a component 406, criteria for the component 406 when considering a specific application and what's new in a component where the latest technology or 5 features for a component are described (e.g., "What's new in printers?"). Further FAO database 452 include questions and answers that address the difficulty or possibility of upgrading a component 406 at a later date (e.g., "How can I add more or their current selection, the FAQ includes questions about their specific selection. The answers are constructed from templates using data in product specification database 420.

Table 4 provides an exemplary list of questions in FAQ database 452 that relate to hard drive components 406.

TABLE 4

Exemplary entries in FAQ database 452 for hard drives

APPLICATION SPECIFIC CHOICES

- () What are the implications of disk selection? () Which are disk-critical applications?
- () Tell me about disks and photo processing
- () Tell me about disks and the home office
- () Tell me about disks and downloading music

COMPONENT SPECIFIC CHOICES

- () Explain how a disk works
- () Tell me about criteria for selecting a disk Tell me about disk interfaces
- () Tell me about disk speeds
- () Tell me about disk size
-) Tell me what is involved in expanding disk space after purchase () Compare the disk you recommend to the one I have selected
- () Show me the disk data sheet

In some embodiments of the present invention, the formatted display generated at each stage during an product optimization process provides the user with the option to review an instructional sequence 454 that provide more detail about a 40 component 406 than what is typically found in a FAQ. Topics covered by instructional sequences 454 include how components 406 work, which components 406 are most critical to a product, and the relationship between components 406 and similar topics. In one embodiment, instructional sequences 45 454 are not general tutorials on subjects related to the system being optimized but, rather, are brief lessons presenting specific product concepts, product features, information about usage requirements. In one embodiment of the present invention, instructional sequences 454 have a presentation duration 50 quality of the component. of approximately two to three minutes. In such embodiments. the instructional sequence occupies about three frames so that it does not interfere with the continuity of the product optimization. In one aspect of the invention, advisor module 108 will ask the user to evaluate usefulness of the instructional 55 sequence 454 upon termination of the sequence based on criteria such as the appropriateness of the level of materials presented and the scope of the material covered during the sequence. Such feedback is used to update user profile 114 and to guide advisor module 108 in generating more appro- 60 priate formatted displays in subsequent optimization steps. For example, such information is used to determine when subsequent formatted displays should contain prompts for additional instructional sequences 454.

In a preferred embodiment, the formatted display pre- 65 sented to the user at each stage of the optimization process is in the form of a menu. Advisor module 108 generates the

menu based on updated characteristics in the user profile 114. In one aspect of the invention, advisor module 108 selects a menu template 460 from knowledge database 110 and populates the template with elements selected from other portions of knowledge database 110, such as frequently asked questions, options associated with one or more component 406 to be optimized, a prompt to run an instructional sequence 454 (instructional sequence prompt), and recommendation messages. Recommendation messages of the present invention memory later?"). In order to help the user evaluate the default 10 take several forms. In one form, a recommendation message reinforces a decision made by the user, (e.g. "That is a great choice"). In a second form, a recommendation messages invites the user to reconsider a choice or explicitly indicate which option the user should select for a given component 15 406 based on a characteristic in user profile 114.

In one embodiment, Advisor module 108 employs a plurality of strategies for determining which option or options for a component best match user profile 114. The recommendation algorithm computes answers to following types of ques-

(a) After a user initiated change to the option for a component: "How much better or worse is the new selection in terms of qualities of the product option type relative to the user goals?

(b) For providing a component option recommendation: Which option for the component will best meet the goals of the user, such as budget?"

(c) For recommending a component type: "What is the benefit of the component type towards meeting the user's goals?" (d) For recommending which component to change: "What

is the best way to spend \$x more or save \$x? In one embodiment of the present invention, a best-fit algorithm is employed. This function maximizes the overall 35 satisfaction level for all of the goals of the user. In this

method, the satisfaction level relative to the goals of the user is computed for each option available for a component relative to the currently selected line item. An exemplary recommendation algorithm is now described to illustrate how user profile 114 is combined with

knowledge database 110 to provide rankings of options. The recommendation algorithm accesses usage requirements 246 and price sensitivity 242 as inputs from user profile 114 for the candidate ranking process. Rankings for each option available for a component are

computed by the following procedure:

(a) Product specification database 420 is used in conjunction with the attribute to quality mapping table 432 to determine the appropriate range for each candidate option for each

(b) Candidates are ranked using values in the application qualities desirability table 434 for the applications of interest to the user weighted by the importance of these applications to the user.

(c) Candidates are further filtered using data from price maps 436 to select options that are likely to be accepted based on the price sensitivity 242 and budget 244 of the user.

In certain cases, it is more beneficial to raise goals above a satisfactory or barely adequate level rather than raising other goals to very satisfactory or outstanding. Using a non-linear scale as illustrated in Table 5, the recommendation algorithm favors selection of options that increase ratings of goals at the lower end of the scale. This corresponds to the real life situation that the perceived difference between unsatisfactory and satisfactory is larger than the perceived difference between satisfactory and outstanding. In some embodiments, a mathematical function is used instead of a lookup table.

TABLE 5

Danis I and the Co	ear scale to amphasiza diff	Annual Continues of the Control

Ratings	Linear Scale	Non-linear scale (emphasizing differences in lower rankings)
Unsatisfactory	1	1.0
Barely adequate	2	2.3
Satisfactory for the usage	3	3.4
Very satisfactory	4	4.3
Outstanding	5	5.0

Overview of Product Optimization

The structure of various preferred systems and data structures in accordance with the present invention have now been disclosed. Attention now turns to FIG. 5, which provides a general description of processing steps that are in accordance with the present invention. In one embodiment, the processing steps of FIG. 5 are executed by an advisor module 108 are server 24 (FIG. 1). The logic used in FIG. 5 builds upon an important aspect of the present invention, which is product optimization performed by the repetition of the sequence:

begin loop
wait for event
exit loop if event is termination event
act on event
update user profile
end loop
The process begins in FIG. 5 with processing step 500. In one
aspect of the invention, processing step 500 includes a sten in

aspect of the invention, processing step 500 includes a step in which user profile 114 is accessed. Once the process begins, advisor module 108 waits for an event to occur (502). An 35 exemplary event is a user generated request redirected from a sales module 104 (FIG. 1) in which the user requests assistance in choosing an option for a component 406 (FIG. 4) associated with the product of interest. The occurrence of an event 502 triggers processing step 504 (FIG. 5), in which the 40 event is classified. Illustrative classifications for the event include the selection of an option for component 406, a request to view an instructional sequence 454, a request to view a frequently asked question, and a termination event. An important advantage of the present invention is that, once the 45 event is classified, the user profile 114 corresponding to the user is updated (step 506) and the updated profile is used as a basis for determining how advisor module 108 will subsequently interact with the user.

When the event received in processing step 502 is termimation event (565-Ves), the instance of advisor module 108 ends (510). Processing step 510 includes termination processes such as file clean up, modification of the user profile, and/or generation of a farewell display. When the event (508-No) processing step 512 is not a termination event 512, a formatted display is generated based on one or more characteristics in updated profile user 114.1 it will be appreciated that, in one embodiment of the present invention, one of the characteristics considered in the generation of the formatted display is the classification of event 502, which was stored in user profile 114 during processing step 506.

The formatted display generated in processing step 512 is sected from a broad array of different possible display formats. In one embodiment, the formatted display comprises a 65 menu that includes one or more elements selected from knowledge database 110. However, there is no absolute

requirement that the formatted display include a menu. In fact, it is possible that, depending upon the nature of one or more characteristics present in updated user profile 114, advisor module 108 will limit the formatted display generated in processing step 512. For example, it is possible that advisor module 108 will limit the formatted display to a single recommendation message, a single user-posed clarifying question, a reinforcement message, or indeed, no formatted display whatsoever. Once the formatted display has been 10 generated (512), the user profile is updated to record the format type and content of the display (514). Importantly, this update ensures that in subsequent iterations of the processing loop illustrated in FIG. 5, advisor module 108 does not repeatedly generate formatted displays that have the same or similar content as the formatted displays of previous iterations. Finally, in processing step 516, the formatted display is presented to the user. Once the formatted display is presented to the user, the cycle has come to completion and the process repeats until the first occurrence of a termination event.

Runtime Embodiments

Now that an embodiment in which the general nature of the processing steps of the present invention have been disclosed, attention turns to the processing steps of runtime embodiments, which are in accordance with the present invention, so that important advantages of the present invention are high-lighted. The first of these runtime embodiments is illustrated in FIGS. 64 run 6C.

In FIG. 6A, the interactions between three elements of system 20, browser 54, sales module 104, and advisor module 108, are disclosed. The process begins in FIG. 6A with step 600, in which a user requests base product information. As defined herein, a base product is any valid starting configuration for a product. Such valid configurations are to be broadly construed and are largely dependent upon the exact nature of the product. Three exemplary base products include a vehicle model, a computer processing unit type and/or speed, and a vacation package. In a first embodiment, a base product encompasses one or more components and in a second embodiment, the base product does not include any mandatory components. An example of the first embodiment is a base product that is defined as a central processing unit type and a computer display type. An example of the second class of embodiments is a vacation package that takes the form of a collection of components, including air travel, ground transportation, hotels and entertainment, none of which are mandatory. Further, as defined herein, a product is even more generally defined than a base product, and encompasses base products as well as base products together with one or more

In response to the request for base product information. sales module 104 obtains relevant product information from sales module database 106 (FIG. 1) and generates a base product display (602). In processing step 604, the base product display is presented by browser 54 and the user selects a particular base product from the selection. When the user selects a particular base product, sales module 104 is notified. In response to this notification, sales module 104 informs advisor module 108 of the selection of a base product by the user (606). In some embodiments, sales module 104 further notifies advisor module 108 of one or more interactions that occurred during the base product selection process, such as budget. In processing step 608, the information provided to advisor module 108 by sales module 104 is used to update one or more characteristics of a unique user profile 114 associated with the user. The particular characteristic that is updated in

user profile 114 during processing step 608 is application dependent. For example, in one application, advisor module 108 infers price sensitivity 242, budget 244, usage requirement 246, and/or feature preference 248. After processing step 608, advisor module 108 determines whether user profile 5 114 has a sufficient amount of data to effectively assist the user in optimizing the product (610). Such data is gathered from the update of processing step 608, or prior instances in which the user has used system 20 to optimize a product.

invention is that the organization of user profile 114 allows advisor module 108 to use information that has been gathered about a user from a prior optimization of a product even in instances where the prior product is completely unrelated to the product that is currently being optimized. When a determination is made that there is an insufficient amount of information in user profile 114 to effectively assist the user in optimizing the product (610-No), a loop is initiated in which advisor module 108 asks the user a seed question (612), the user answers the seed question using browser 54 (614), and 20 one or more characteristics in the user profile 114 that corresponds to the user is updated based on the answer to the seed question (616). The loop consisting of processing steps 612, 614, and 616 is repeated in some embodiments until the profile is sufficiently populated. In other embodiments, the 2 maximum number of times the loop can repeat is restricted by either an absolute value or a value that is a function of a characteristic in the profile, such as the interest in interacting with advisor 272 (FIG. 2). It will be appreciated, therefore, that in some embodiments the loop consisting of steps 612 30 thru 616 is skipped altogether even though advisor module 108 has determined that user profile 114 is inadequately populated. Further, the loop is skipped when advisor module 108 determines that user profile 114 is adequately populated

The processing steps executed by advisor module 108 continues with the execution of processing step 618, in which advisor module 108 uses one or more characteristics from updated user profile 114 to generate a formatted display. reflect the nature of the formatted display generated (618). Processing step 618 provides a distinct advantage over prior art systems and methods because an adaptive approach is taken to building the formatted display based on user characteristics rather than rigid predetermined menus. In some 45 embodiments, the formatted display generated in processing step 618 comprises a menu that includes the various options available for one or more components associated with the base product of interest, one or more frequently asked questions associated with such components, a prompt for an 50 tional command such as "previous page. instructional sequence 454 (instructional sequence prompt), and/or a recommendation message. Once advisor module 108 has generated a formatted display, it is communicated to browser 54 on client 22. Browser 54 presents the formatted rently, after advisor module 108 has generated the formatted display and updated user profile 114 (618), the advisor module 108 waits for the next event (646).

Advantageously, in FIG. 6, sales module 104 and advisor module 108 operate in an asynchronous manner with respect 60 to each other. Thus, after processing step 606, sales module 104 proceeds to processing step 624 while advisor module concurrently executes the series of processing steps beginning with processing step 608, as previously described. In processing step 624, sales module 104 generates a selection 65 display and, in processing step 626, browser 54 presents the selection display to the user. After processing step 624, sales

module 104 waits for the next event to occur (640). Similarly, after processing step 626, browser 54 waits for the user to respond to the sales selection display 628.

Because sales module 104 and advisor module 108 operate in an asynchronous manner, the user has the choice of interacting with sales module 104 or advisor module 108 at all times. For example, in FIG. 6A, sales module 104 and advisor module 108 concurrently wait for an event (640, 646). When the user responds thru sales module 104, the processing steps It will be appreciated that one advantage of the present 10 of FIG. 6B are executed and when the user responds thru advisor module 108, the processing steps of FIG. 6C are executed

> At this stage, the overall procedure used in the runtime embodiment of FIG. 6 can be appreciated. The flow of FIG. 6A is performed once for each selection of a base product. For each user interaction, either FIG. 6B or FIG. 6C is performed. It will be appreciated that, if the user interacts frequently with the advisor module 108, that the processes of FIG. 6C are generally executed more frequently than the processes of FIG. 6B. Table 6 provides examples of user actions that trigger execution of FIGS, 6B and/or 6C.

TABLE 6

Exemplary user interactions that trigger execution of FIG. 6B FIG. 6C		
User action	Figure triggered	Advisor module 108 action
Change in component selection	6B	Offer a cross-sell presentation
Request of frequently asked question content	6C	Show frequently asked question content
Request for specific option recommendation	6C	Show formatted display including a menu having specific recommendations
Request another rationale	6C	Show another rationale
Acceptance of recommendation	6C	Show reinforcement of selection

The process of FIG. 6B begins when the user interacts with Further, advisor module 108 updates user profile 114 to 40 a sales selection display (650). Generally, such an interaction arises when the user selects an element of a portion of a web page corresponding to the sales selection display presented by browser 54 (FIG. 1). A typical interaction with sales module 104 in processing step 650 of FIG. 6B is the selection of an option for a component 406 associated with the base product selected in FIG. 6A. Other typical interactions include a request to update the total purchase price of the product based on the current selections for the options, to add a component or base product to a "shopping cart," or generalized naviga-

Sales module 104 notifies advisor module 108 of the user response (652). Advisor module 108 proceeds to update user profile 114 based on the interaction with sales module 104 (654). Advisor module 108 advances to the generation of a display (620) and waits for a user response (628). Concur- 55 formatted displayed that will assist the user in optimizing a product (656). The formatted display is presented to the user with the assistance of browser 54 (658) and the browser waits for a user response (628). Further, advisor module 108 updates the user profile based on the nature of the formatted display generated in processing step 656 (660). After processing step 660, advisor module 108 waits for an event 646. After step 660 updates the user profile, if the triggering event is not a termination event, advisor module 108 advances to step 646 and waits for the next event

> In processing step 670, sales module 104 processes the user interaction of processing step 650 and updates a selection display. Further, the updated selection display is presented to

the user by browser 54 (672). After processing step 670, sales module 104 waits for the next event to occur (640). Similarly, after processing step 672, browser 54 waits for the user to respond to the sales selection display (628). It will be appreciated that processing step 650 (FIG. 6B) is triggered when 5 the user provides a response to a sales selection display generated by sales module 104 and that such a response is an event of the type that sales module 104 is waiting for in processing step 640 and that browser 54 is waiting for in step 628.

The process of FIG. 6C begins when the user interacts with a formatted display generated by advisor module 108 (680) or controls associated with the advisor module 108. Illustrative of such interactions is a request for advice on a component associated with the base product selected in FIG. 6A, request 15 for general advice on, for example, the product domain, an interaction with an element of the formatted display presented in processing step 626 (FIG. 6A), or a time out arising from the fact the user has not responded to advisor module 108 for a period of time. Illustrative interactions with an 20 element of the formatted display include a request for a recommendation, an acceptance or rejection of a recommendation, a request for additional reasons (rationale) for selecting a particular option for a component, a frequently asked question or short instructional sequence, an answer to one or more 25 questions, or a request to close the formatted display.

In response to the user interaction of processing step 680, advisor module 108 updates one or more characteristics in user profile 114 (682) and generates a formatted display based, in part, on one or more characteristics in user profile 30 114 (684). The formatted display is communicated to client 22 and displayed by browser 54 (686). Further, user profile 114 is updated based on the nature of the formatted display generated in processing step 684 (688). If the user has made with the base product, advisor module 108 notifies sale module 104 of this change (690) and waits for the next event (646) if the triggering event is not a termination event. Sales module 104 processes the component selection identified in process-(692) and waits for the next event (640). When an updated selection display is generated in processing step 692, the updated selection display is communicated to client 22 and presented by browser 54 (694). Then, browser 64 waits for a user response (628).

One of skill in the art will appreciate that an important advantage of the present invention is that it uses all available information about the user to determine the optimal way to present information rather than relying on fixed choices, predetermined procedures, and scripts. Thus, valuable informa- 50 tion about the user inferred from user interactions with advisor module 108 are not lost, but rather, are used to customize the actions taken by advisor module 108 to the unique characteristics of the user.

FIG. 7 provides an application that uses the processing 55 steps disclosed in FIG. 6C. In FIG. 7, an option for the component N has been designated. In response to a request for advice on a component N associated with a base product (700), advisor module 108 updates the user profile 114 associated with the user to reflect that a request for advice has been 60 made. In the example illustrated in FIG. 7, advisor module 108 determines that the optimal formatted display is a menu that provides a recommendation request for the component, a set of frequently asked questions, and/or instructional sequences (702). The set of frequently asked questions and/or 65 instructional sequences presented in this menu are selected from a larger set of such questions and sequences found in

product heuristics database 440 (FIG. 4). Further, in one embodiment, the questions and instructional sequences are ranked based on relevance to user request 700.

One advantage of the present invention is that the user is not required to respond to the menu. For example, the user can simply ignore the menu provided by advisor module 108 and interact directly with sales module 104. When the user chooses to respond to the menu, advisor module 108 determines whether the response is a recommendation request 10 (704). If the user selects a frequently asked question (704-No), advisor module 108 provides the content for the frequently asked question (718) and goes to the wait state 628.

When the user selects a recommendation request from menu 702 (704-Yes), advisor module 108 determines whether there is sufficient information in the user profile 114 to offer a recommendation (706). If there is insufficient information (706-No), advisor module 104 will elicit further response from the user or choose to proceed without sufficient information (710). If advisor module 108 chooses to proceed without sufficient information, it will offer the best advice possible in absence of such information. An illustration of a situation where advisor module 104 will choose to forgo requesting additional information, despite having inadequate user profile 114 data, is the case in which the characteristic "interest in interacting with advisor" 272 in user profile 114 (FIG. 2) indicates that the particular user has very little interest in providing information to advisor module 108.

When sufficient information to make a recommendation is present in user profile 114 or advisor module 108 decides to proceed in the absence of such information (706-Yes), advisor module 108 determines whether the current option designated for component N meets the goals of the user. If the currently designated option for component N meets the goals of the user (708-Yes), the option is reinforced with a statea change in an option selected for a component associated 35 ment such as "Option X should meet your needs because of goal/circumstance Y" (712). If the currently designated option for component N does not meet the goals of the user, advisor module 108 will offer specific alternative recommendations for component N (714). After either step 712 or 714 is ing step 690 and updates the selection display when necessary 40 executed, advisor module 108 returns to the state of step 646 (FIGS. 6A and 6C) and waits for the next event.

Like FIG. 7, FIG. 8 provides an application that uses the processing steps disclosed in FIGS, 6B and 6C. In FIG. 8, the user changes an option designated for a component N associated with the base product of interest. Upon receiving notice of this change (800) from the sales module 104, advisor module 108 determines whether the newly designated option is correlated with the goals of the user as well as the merchant that is selling the product (802). Characteristics stored in user profile 114 are used in the determination of processing step 802. When the option does not meet the goals of the user or the seller (802-No), a warning message is provided 804. In one embodiment, the warning message comprises a sales pitch for a more expensive option N, thus furthering the interest the seller has in selling a more expensive overall product.

When the current option meets the goals of both the user and the seller (802-Yes), advisor module 108 determines whether it is appropriate to cross-sell related components related to the component that was changed in step 800 (806). A factor in this decision is the likelihood that the user will accept a recommendation from advisor module 108. Further. advisor module 108 will check which components are the most appropriate to cross-sell relative to the newly changed component based on the relationship of such candidate components to the newly changed component. In one example, advisor module 108 chooses to cross-sell a backup ZIP drive, but not a digital camera, when the user selects a hard drive.

Other factors used in the analysis of processing step 806 include the proximity of the placement of components within the display provide by sales module 104 and whether the candidate component has been previously considered by the user. Further, in one embodiment, the analysis in processing 5 step 806 is assisted by a matrix provided by the seller that details the components which are most desirable to cross-sell for each component associated with a base product.

When advisor module 108 decides that a cross-sell is not appropriate (806-No), the module reinforces the change 10 made by the user with a reinforcement message such as "That is a great choice!" (808). In one embodiment, the reinforcement message is followed by a rationale. When advisor module 108 decides to cross-sell a product (806-Yes), it determines which of two approaches to take in making the crosssell (810). In the first cross-sell approach (810-Yes), advisor module recommends a specific option for candidate component Y (812). In the second cross-sell approach, the user is asked to consider candidate component Y but the advisor module 108 does not explicitly recommend which option 20 should be selected for component Y (814). It will be appreciated that the updated user profile 114 plays an important role in decisions made in steps 802, 806 and 810,

Providing a Formatted Display

FIG. 9 illustrates the processing steps taken to generate a formatted display in an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. In some embodiments, the processing steps of FIG. 6A, step 656 of FIG. 6B, and/or step 684 of FIG. 6C

In FIG. 9, a user event triggers advisor module 108 to generate a formatted display (902). In processing step 910. advisor module 108 characterizes user event 902. In one embodiment, the user has selected a base product and, in 35 processing step 910, advisor module 108 collects data from product specification database 420 that is related to the base product. Relevant information includes which components are available for the selected base product, the cost of the base product, the cost of each option available for each component 40 related to the base product, and physical descriptions (e.g., hard disk drive size) of each of these options. Once information has been collected from product specification database 420, advisor module 108 selects appropriate action (920). In one embodiment an appropriate action is an appropriate rec- 45 ommendation. In such embodiments, an appropriate recommendation is made by correlating available options, which are determined in processing step 910, with application qualities from product qualities database 430, or other user charated that one of the actions that advisor module 108 is capable of selecting in processing step 920 is to take no specific action

Once advisor module 108 has determined what kinds of recommendations should be made in order to optimize the 55 product identified by the user, the module will select one or more appropriate templates for the formatted display that is presented to the user (930). The templates are chosen from the available templates found in menu template 460 (FIG. 4). Illustrative templates include recommendation messages, 60 including upgrade and downgrade option messages, reinforcement messages such as "great selection." further explanations, supporting questions, and instructional sequences.

In processing step 940, advisor module 108 selects the best rationales for the recommendations adopted in processing 65 step 920. Processing step 940 is advantageous because it correlates user characteristics from user profile 114 with a

library of product rationales 446 found in knowledge database 110 and only uses the subset of rationales in the library of rationales that will most likely be appreciated by the user. Further, because user profile 114 is updated using all interactions between the user and advisor module 108, the user profile rapidly converges on the exact characteristics of the user, thereby improving the selection process of step 940.

In some embodiments, advisor module 108 selects additional elements for the formatted display. One exemplary class of additional elements are suggestions, such as "give another reason for picking component X/option Y," that are added in step 960. Another exemplary class of additional elements are frequently asked questions (FAOs), which are selected in step 980. The particular FAOs selected in step 980 are chosen from FAO database 452 (FIG. 4) based on one or more user characteristics found in user profile 114. Finally, standard navigational tools, such as "accept" and "reject" are added to the formatted display when appropriate (990). The process finishes in 994 with the posting of the formatted display in browser 54 (FIG. 1).

An exemplary formatted display in response to a user request for a recommendation is provided in Table 7. The recommended option is described in sufficient detail to distinguish it from other disks with the same capacity. The ratio-25 nale in the recommendation corresponds to a significant improvement in a quality of the component for an important usage. The menu elements allow the user to accept, reject, or get further reasons for accepting a recommendation. The frequently asked question selected for the user are based on 9 are used, for example, in step 512 of FIG. 5, step 618 of FIG. 30 user profile 114 elements such as usage requirements of interest to the user, domain knowledge of the user and previous consumption of frequently asked questions.

TABLE 7

Exemplary formatted display with recommendations

You should get the 13.6 gigabyte disk with ATA66 interface.

It will load your images up to 30% faster

- () Give me the ATA66 interface for only \$25 more
- No thanks, I will stay with the ATA interface
- Give me another reason
- What is an ATA66 interface?
-) Tell me about disks and photo processing
- () What is involved in updating a disk after getting the system?

Updating User Profile 114

FIG. 10 illustrates a method of updating user profile 114 in acteristics obtained from user profile 114. It will be appreci- 50 accordance with the present invention. The illustrative embodiment shown in FIG. 10, is initiated when the user accepts, rejects, or ignores a recommendation (1000). This response is used to undate characteristics in user profile 114 such as "interest in interaction with advisor 108" 272, "interest in getting recommendations" 274, usage requirements 246, feature preferences 248, and/or price sensitivity 242.

In FIG. 10, when the user accepts the recommendation (1000-accepted), processing steps 1002 thru 1008 are executed. In processing step 1002, the importance of usages and qualities that are listed for a rationale used to support the recommendation are up-weighted. Further, the importance of user profile characteristics "interest in getting recommendations" 274 from advisor module 108 and "interest in interaction with advisor 108" 272 are up-weighted (1004, 1008) while the importance of the user profile characteristic "price sensitivity" 242 is down-weighted (1006) when the selected item is outside the component price limit.

When the user rejects the recommendation (1000-rejected), processing steps 1010 thru 1016 weight characteristics in user profile 114 differently than in the case when the user accepts the recommendation. For example, in processing step 1010, the importance of usages and qualities that are 5 listed for a rationale used to support the recommendation are down-weighted. Further, the importance of user profile characteristics "interest in getting recommendations" 274 from advisor module 108 and "interest in interaction with advisor importance of the user profile characteristic "price sensitivity" 242 is up-weighted (1014) when the selected item is inside the component price limit.

When the user ignores the recommendation (1000-ignored), the importance of the characteristics "interest in inter- 15 assistance. acting with advisor 108" 272 and "interest in getting recommendations from advisor 108" 274 are down-weighted

Exemplary Graphical User Interface

In one embodiment, manifestations of advisor module 108 and sales module 104 are displayed simultaneously by web browser 54. For example, in one embodiment, advisor module 108 and sales module 104 manifestations are represented by separate hypertext markup language (HTML) frames. In another embodiment, the two modules are Java applets that are run concurrently by client 22. In yet another embodiment, advisor module 108 and sales module 104 are independent applications that are executed in a multitasking operating system environment such as UNIX or Microsoft Windows. In one embodiment, manifestations of modules 104 and 108 are presented to the user display 40 in an asynchronous manner regardless of how the underlying modules are encoded and executed. That is, the user is free to either use or ignore advisor module 108. When the user ignores advisor module 108, sales module 104 is used to complete the transaction.

FIG. 11 schematically illustrates the important features of the graphical appearance of manifestations of advisor module 40 108 and sales module 104 on user display 40 in one embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, the user interacts with sales module 104 through browser 54 which is in communication with an e-commerce site. The user has access to all of the standard browser 54 controls (1102) 45 including forward and backward navigation. The manifestation of sales module 104 is generally contained in its own frame 1106 to allow the sales module content to scroll independently of the manifestation of advisor 108 (1116). For each component 1108, there is a brief description of the 50 component 1140 and a mechanism to select an option. Exemplary mechanisms include drop down menus 1142, check boxes 1144, radio buttons, or fields to enter text and/or numerical values. The configuration is not considered completed when there is a conflict between one or more pairs of 55 options selected. An exemplary conflict is a situation in which the user has picked, for example, a high quality computer monitor and a graphics card that does not support such a monitor. Sales module 104 further provides tools such as "update the current price" 1112 and "add to cart" 1114.

In the embodiment shown in FIG. 11, the manifestation of advisor module 108 communicates to the user using one or more animated characters 1120 and/or a speech bubble 1118. Speech bubble 1118 is used for presenting the formatted display discussed previously in, for example, FIGS. 6A thru 65 6C. The user is provided with the option of interacting with advisor module 108 via control bar 1122 in advisor module

108 and specialized buttons in sales manifestation frame 1006, such as the "advise me" buttons 1110.

When speech bubble 1118 is not large enough to provide the formatted display generated by advisor module 108 during various stages of the product optimization process, the speech bubble is expanded. In one aspect, the speech bubble is expanded to the full screen, to present, for example, an instructional sequence. In another aspect of the invention, the advisor module 108 augments speech bubble 1118 with a 108" 272 are down-weighted (1012, 1016) whereas the 10 pop-up window. Further, character manifestation 1120 uses a gesture to direct the user's attention to the pop-up window. Control bar 1222 contains user control elements such as specialized icons that allow the user to directly interact with the advisor module, such as requesting different types of general

Alternate Embodiments

Although sales module 104 and advisor module 108 are 20 depicted on the same server 24 in FIG. 1, in one embodiment of the present invention, sales module 104 and advisor module 108 are resident on different servers 24. In vet another embodiment, advisor module 108 and sales module 104 reside on Client 22 and no server 24 is used. In still another embodiment, browser 54 is a component of operating system 52. In another embodiment of the present invention, advisor module 108 is standalone and operates in a manner that is completely independent of sales module 104. Such an embodiment is advantageously used, for example, when the user is interested in general advice on how to optimize certain aspects of a product. In yet other embodiments, the methods of the present invention are practiced by assigning all user interaction responsibility to advisor module 108. In such embodiments, sales module 104 is completely hidden from the user. In still another embodiment, advisor module 108 is employed during the states of information gathering and selection of a base product.

The present invention can be implemented as a computer program product that includes a computer program mechanism embedded in a computer readable storage medium. For instance, the computer program product could contain advisor module 108 and sales module 104 (FIG. 1). These program modules may be stored on a CD-ROM, magnetic disk storage product, or any other computer readable data or program storage product. The software module in the computer program product may also be distributed electronically, via the Internet or otherwise, by transmission of a computer data signal (in which the software modules are embedded) on a carrier wave.

The foregoing descriptions of specific embodiments of the present invention are presented for purposes of illustration and description. They are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed, obviously many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The embodiments were chosen and described in an order to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical applications, to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention and various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated. It is intended that the scope of the invention be defined by the following claims and their equivalents.

 A method of optimizing a product said product including a base product, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) obtaining an identification of a user and a preliminary designation of said product; said identification identifying a user profile that is uniquely associated with said user, the user profile being persistent across multiple optimization sessions and comprising a plurality of characteristics of said user, said plurality of characteristics comprising:

(1) a preferred social interaction type;

- (2) a plurality of domain familiarity indications, each of said domain familiarity indications reflecting said user's knowledge about a specific product domain; and
- (3) a price sensitivity for said user.
- (b) providing a formatted display that includes a set of content related to said product and a format, the set of content determined at least in part by a characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
- (1) the preferred social interaction type;
- (2) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and
- (3) the price sensitivity for said user;
- (c) updating, based on a response by the user;
 - (1) the plurality of characteristics to create an updated user profile, wherein updating the plurality of characteristics comprises updating at least one characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
- i) the preferred social interaction type;
 ii) the plurality of domain familiarity indications:
- ii) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and iii) the price sensitivity for said user:
- (2) a component associated with said base product when
 - said response includes a selection of an option from a different set of options associated with said component;
- (d) storing said updated user profile to determine the set of 30 content of the formatted display for a future presentation made to said user, wherein the set of content of the formatted display for the future presentation is determined at least in part by a characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) the preferred social interaction type;
 - (2) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and (3) the price sensitivity for said user, and
- (e) repeating steps (b) through (d) across one or more computer sessions at least once to optimize said product. 40
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said product further includes a plurality of components associated with said base product, each component in said plurality of components corresponding to, and selected by said user from, a different set of options, using said formatted display.
- The method of claim 2, wherein a default option is designated for each component in said plurality of components
- 4. The method of claim 2, wherein said formatted display comprises a menu including one or more elements selected 50 from the group consisting of an option selected from said different set of options associated with said component, a frequently asked question associated with said component, an instructional sequence prompt, and a recommendation mes-
- The method of claim 1, further comprising presenting in the formatted display one or more suggested components based on the user profile.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the formatted display provides a portion of a set of options corresponding to said 60 component associated with said base product.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein said response to said formatted display of step (b) includes a designation of an option for said component associated with said base product and step (c) further comprises the step of updating at least one obtain the component is said user profile associated with said component.

- The method of claim 1, wherein said product is optimized when said user indicates that said product is optimized.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein said set of content for said formated display is further determined based on a suitsability factor of said component in said product and for an intended use for the product and wherein the component is emphasized when said suitability factor exceeds a threshold value; and wherein said suitability factor is a value retrieved from a database, and wherein the intended use for the product is a characteristic stored in the user profile.
- 10. The method of claim 9, further comprising the steps of: determining a change to said component that maximizes said suitability factor of said component in said product for the user's intended use for said product;
 - presenting said change in response to a user generated event; and
 - implementing said change to said product when a confirming response is received.
- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein said product further includes a plurality of components associated with said base product, each component in said plurality of components associated with, and selected from, a different set of options; and
 - the different set of options associated with each component from said set of components is provided if said suitability factor for said component for the intended use of the product exceeds the threshold value.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein a timer is used to monitor the period of time between the presentation of said formatted display and the response to the formatted display by the user and, when said user does not respond to said formatted display within a period of time, said failure to respond is treated as a response comprising a signal that said user has chosen not to respond to said formatted display.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein options for said component are presented in said formatted display of step (b); wherein the selected component is dynamically selected from a plurality of components associated with said base product based on said user profile.
 - The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of: transmitting a set of questions;
- receiving at least one answer to said set of questions; and updating said characteristic in said user profile based on said at least one answer.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein a characteristic in said user profile associated with said user is modified based on a user event associated with said user occurring during an optimization of a different product.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein a characteristic in said user profile associated with said user is modified based on a user event associated with said user occurring during an optimization of said product during a different session.
- 17. A computer readable memory to direct a computer to optimize a product, said product including a base product, comprising:
 - a user profile database stored in said memory; each profile in said user profile database being uniquely associated with a different user, persisting across multiple optimization sessions, and comprising a plurality of characteristics, said plurality of characteristics comprising:
 - (a) a preferred social interaction type;
 - (b) a plurality of domain familiarity indications, each of said domain familiarity indications reflecting said user's knowledge about a specific product domain; and
 - (c) a price sensitivity; and an advisor module for helping a user optimize said product;

- said advisor module including executable instructions, said executable instructions including:

 (a) instructions for obtaining an identification of said user
- (a) instructions for obtaining an identification of said user and a preliminary designation of said product, said identification identifying a user profile associated with said user in said user profile database; wherein said instructions for obtaining an identification further include instructions for creating said user profile when it does not exist in said user profile database;
- (b) instructions for providing a formatted display that 10 includes a set of content related to said product, the set of content determined at least in part by a function of at least one characteristic from said user profile, said at least one characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) a preferred social interaction type for the user;
 - (2) a plurality of domain familiarity indications for the user;
 - (3) a price sensitivity for the user;
- (c) instructions for updating, based on a response by said 20 user:
 - said user profile to create an updated user profile, wherein updating said user profile comprises updating at least one characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - i) the preferred social interaction type;
 - ii) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and
 iii) the price sensitivity; and
 - (2) a component associated with said base product when said response includes a selection of an option from a 30 different set of options associated with said compo-
- (d) storing said updated user profile to determine the set of content of the formatted display for a future presentation made to said user, wherein the set of content of the 35 formatted display for the future presentation is determined at least in part by a characteristic selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) the preferred social interaction type;
- (2) the plurality of domain familiarity indications; and 40 (3) the price sensitivity for said user; and
- (e) repeating steps (b) through (d) across one or more computer sessions at least once to optimize said product.
- 18. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said product further includes a plurality of components asso-45 ciated with said base product, each component in said plurality of components corresponding to, and selected by said user from, a different set of option.
- 19. The computer readable memory of claim 18, wherein a default option is designated for each component in said plurality of components.
- 20. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein the formatted display provides a portion of a set of options corresponding to a component associated with said base product.
- 21. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said response to said formatted display of step (b) includes a designation of an option for a component associated with said base product and step (c) further includes instructions for updating said component in said user profile.
- 22. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said product is optimized when said user indicates that said product is optimized.
- 23. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said set of content for said formatted display is further deter-65 mined based on a suitability factor of said component in said product for the user's intended use for said product a characteristic.

- teristic in said user and wherein the component is emphasized when said suitability factor exceeds a threshold value.
- 24. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein a timer is used to monitor the period of time between the presentation of said formatted display and the response to the formatted display by the user and when said user does not respond to said formatted display within a period of time, a signal that said user has not chosen to respond to said formatted display is sent to the instructions for receiving a response.
- 25. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein instructions for obtaining an identification of a user and a preliminary designation of said product further includes:
- instructions for querying said user profile database and identifying said user profile from a response to said query; wherein, when a response to said query fails to identify said profile, said instructions to obtain a user
 - profile further include: instructions for initiating a new user profile and associating said new user profile with said user; and
 - instructions for storing said new user profile in said user profile database.
 - 26. The computer readable memory of claim 17, further comprising:
 - a knowledge database stored in said memory; said knowledge database including a description of said base product and a description of at least one option in at least one set of options corresponding to a component associated with said base product; wherein:
 - said instructions for providing a formatted display, which includes the set of options corresponding to a component selected from said plurality of components associated with said base product, further includes:
 - instructions for accessing a description of an option in said different set of options associated with said component from said knowledge database; wherein said function comprises a comparison of said description with said characteristic in said user profile.
- 27. The computer readable memory of claim 17, further comprising:
- a sales module; said sales module including executable instructions, said executable instructions including:
- (a) instructions for providing a product selection choice; each said product in said product selection choice including a base product and at least one default comrecent.
- (b) instructions for receiving an election; said election designating a product in said product selection choice;
 (c) instructions for determining when to call an instance of said advisor module; and
- (d) instructions for calling an instance of said advisor mod-
- 28. The computer readable memory of claim 27, wherein said instructions for calling an instance of said advisor module further includes instructions for generating said event record to said advisor module when said instance of said advisor module when said instance of said advisor module is called by said sales module.
 - 29. The computer readable memory of claim 27, the computer readable memory further comprising a sales database for storing pricing information associated with said product; the sales module further including:
 - instructions for querying said sales database for pricing information corresponding to said product selection; and
 - instructions for transmitting said pricing information.

 30. The computer readable memory of claim 27, wherein said sales module further includes:

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instructions for providing a user selectable event;

instructions for receiving an indication that said user selectable event has been selected by said user; said sales module further including instructions for notifying said advisor module when a signal indicating that said user 5

selectable event has been selected is received.

3. The computer readable memory of claim 27, wherein said sales module further comprises instructions for terminating an instruce of said advisor module when a second election is received by said instructions for receiving an election 10 described in claim 27 paragraph b; said second election including an indication that said user wishes to terminate said

instance of said advisor module.

32. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said profile in said user profile database includes a user identifier and at least one entry selected from the group consisting of a domain familiarity indicator, and advisor interaction database, a product preference database, a product selection database, and a user characteristic.

33. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein 20 said formatted display comprises a menu including one or more elements selected from the group consisting of an option associated with a component, associated with said soes product a frequently asked question associated with said component, an instructional sequence prompt, and a recompendation message.

34. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein a manifestation of said advisor module includes at least one feature selected from the group consisting of an on-screen character, an audible voice, text, a multimedia prop, and a 30 sound effect.

35. The computer readable memory of claim 17, wherein said advisor module further comprises:

instructions for storing a record of said product optimization; and instructions for resuming a product optimization based on a stored record of a prior product optimization.

36. A method of optimizing a product, said product including a base product, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) obtaining an identification of a user and a preliminary 4d essignation of said product; said identification identifying a user profile which is persistent across multiple optimization sessions and that is uniquely associated with said user, the user profile comprising data used to model said user, said data used to model said user, said data used to model said user comprising.

- (1) a first set of data, said first set of data having been collected through explicit user selections; and
- (2) a second set of data, said second set of data having been inferred from user actions;
- (b) providing a formatted display that includes a set of content related to said product and a format, the set of content determined at least in part by said second set of data used to model said user and inferred from user actions:
- (c) updating, based on a response by the user:
 - (1) said data used to model said user to create an updated user profile; and
- (2) a component associated with said base product when said response includes a selection of an option from a different set of options associated with said component.
 - (d) storing said updated user profile to determine the set of content of the formatted display for a future presentation made to said user:
- (e) repeating steps (b) through (d) across one or more computer sessions at least once to optimize said product;
 - (f) providing automated assistance at the request of said user, and
- (g) presenting in the formatted display one or more suggested components based on the user profile.
 37. The method of claim 36, wherein the data used to model
- said user comprises an indicator that indicates the number of times that the user requested automated assistance.
- 38. The method of claim a 36, wherein the data used to model said user comprises an indication of the user's price sensitivity.
- 39. The method of claim 36, wherein providing the formated display comprises providing a recommendation to the to user, wherein the first set of data and the second set of data to comprise a plutality of characteristics, wherein each characteristic from the plurality of characteristics has a weight, and wherein updating the data used to model the user comprises, for at least one characteristic from the plurality of characteristics:
 - (a) increasing the weight for that characteristic if the recommendation is accepted; or
 - (b) decreasing the weight for that characteristic if the recommendation is rejected.

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